

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Status of Claims

Claims 31, 32, 34, and 36-37 are pending and are under examination. Claims 1-30, 33, and 35 are cancelled.

Amendments to the Claims

No amendments to the claims were made.

Priority of Claims 31, 32, 34, and 36-37

This application claims benefit of U.S. provisional application no. 60/491,350 ("350 Application"), filed July 31, 2003 and claims benefit of U.S. provisional application no 60/509,037 ("037 Application") filed October 4, 2002 (converted from non-provisional application no. 10/264,825).

Sequence Compliance

Applicants acknowledge the Examiner's withdrawal of the objection to the sequence listing.

Specification

Applicants acknowledge the Examiner's withdrawal of the objection to the specification.

Withdrawal of Rejections

Applicants acknowledge the Examiner's withdrawal of the rejections made under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph and 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph. As such, the instant application provides written description and enablement for pending claims 31, 32, 34, and 36-37.

Drawings

The Examiner did not acknowledge the drawings which were originally filed. Specifically, the Examiner did not indicate in the Office Actions mailed August 22, 2006 and May 1, 2007 whether the drawings submitted by Applicants were accepted or objected to by the Examiner. Applicants respectfully request acknowledgement of the acceptance of the drawings or objection by checking the appropriate box in the next Office Action.

Applicants' Invention

Applicants discovered that cancer cells overexpress a protein, Dvl-3, and that inhibiting expression of Dvl-3 inhibits the growth of cancer cells overexpressing Dvl-3. Nothing in the prior art suggested this invention.

Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 102(b)

The Examiner rejected Claims 31 and 37 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Song *et al.* (*J. Biol. Chem.* 275:23790-23797 (2000); "Song"). According to the Examiner, Song teaches that (i) protein kinase CK2 is involved in tumorigenesis (p. 23790, col. 2), (ii) CK2 is important to modulate phosphorylation of Dvl-3 which is expressed in breast cancer cells because when breast cancer cells were treated with apigenin, a CK2 inhibitor, the phosphorylation of Dvl-3 protein is diminished (Figure 5), (iii) apigenin reduces the levels of Dvl-3 protein in breast cells, and (iv) apigenin inhibits cell proliferation.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

A. The Legal Standard

For a rejection of claims under §102 to be properly founded, the Examiner must establish that a single prior art reference either expressly or inherently discloses each and every element of the claimed invention. *See, e.g. Hybritech Inc. v. Monoclonal Antibodies, Inc.*, 231 USPQ 81 (Fed. Cir. 1986), *cert denied*, 480 U.S. 947 (1987); and *Verdegaal Bros. V. Union Oil Co. of California*, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). In *Scripps Clinic & Research Found. V. Genentech, Inc.*, 18 USPQ2d 1001 (Fed. Cir. 1991), the Federal Circuit held that:

"Invalidity for anticipation requires that **all of the elements and limitations** of the claim are found **within a single prior art reference....** There must be no difference between the claimed invention and the reference disclosure, as viewed by a person of ordinary skill in the field of the invention." *Id.* at 1010.

Anticipation cannot be found, therefore, unless a cited reference discloses all of the elements, features or limitations of the presently claimed invention. Applicants respectfully submit that Song fails to recite all of the elements of claims 31 and 37.

B. Song Does Not Disclose A Cancer Cell That Overexpresses A Dvl-3 Protein And Does Not Disclose An Agent That Inhibits Dvl-3 Expression

The Examiner acknowledged that nowhere does Song teach a cancer cell (claim 31) or a breast cancer cell (claim 37) *overexpressing* a Dvl-3 protein. Song does not compare a normal cell and a cancer cell or a normal cell and a breast cancer cell to determine that the cancer cell or breast cancer cell overexpresses a Dvl-3 protein. Further, Applicants submit that, contrary to the Examiner's allegation, Figure 5 of Song does not show that apigenin, an inhibitor of CK2, diminishes phosphorylation of Dvl-3. Only Figure 5B reports an experiment using apigenin and this particular experiment refers to the diminished phosphorylation of β -catenin, not Dvl-3 (Figure 5B).

Song does not teach or suggest an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 *expression*. Song teaches that apigenin, an inhibitor of CK2, through an unknown mechanism, causes the degradation of a Dvl-3 protein that *already exists* in a cell. Song does not teach or suggest that apigenin inhibits Dvl-3 *expression* (i.e., transcription of a Dvl-3 mRNA from a Dvl-3 encoding gene or translation of the Dvl-3 mRNA to produce a Dvl-3 protein, as one of ordinary skill in the art would understand the term "expression" in the context of Applicants' claims). Song states on page 23795, col. 1 in the context of Figures 6 and 7:

"To determine whether the reduction in β -catenin occurred through a decreased rate of synthesis or increased rate of degradation, we measured the half-life of the protein in the presence of a *cycloheximide* that blocked new protein synthesis. We found that β -catenin is quite stable in Wnt-1-expressing cells, with a half-life of more than 5 h (Fig. 7) ... The *Dvl*

proteins appear to be equally stable. However, in the presence of apigenin, protein levels rapidly decline. Immunoreactive Dvl proteins disappears in less than 30 min..." (emphasis added)

Because cycloheximide is a protein synthesis inhibitor that acts specifically on the 60S subunit of eukaryotic ribosomes, Song investigated the effect of apigenin *on already expressed* Dvl-3 protein and did not investigate the effect of an agent that inhibited the expression of Dvl-3 protein.

Claims 31 and 37 require an agent that inhibit the *expression* of a Dvl-3 protein. Song does not teach or suggest all limitations of claims 31 and 37. Therefore, Song does not anticipate claims 31 and 37.

Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the rejection of these claims under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b).

Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 102(e)

The Examiner rejected Claims 31, 32, 34, and 37 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Alsobrook *et al.* (US 20030229016 based on U.S. Application Ser. No. 10/307,928 ("928 Application"), filed December 2, 2002 and published December 11, 2003; priority to 8/26/02 and earlier; "Alsobrook"). According to the Examiner, Alsobrook teaches methods for treating a cancer cell such as a lung cancer cell or breast cancer cell [0016] using an siRNA [0080] which inhibits expression of a splice variant of a dishevelled-3-like protein (Table 1). The Examiner appreciated that Applicants' claims are not limited to any kind of Dvl-3 protein moiety and argued that Alsobrook's disclosure of the use of the splice variant for a Dvl-3 like protein for inhibiting the expression of the Dvl-3 like protein to inhibit cancer cell proliferation (i.e., using siRNA as an agent) anticipates Applicants' claims 31, 32, 34, and 37.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

A. The Legal Standard

The legal standard for a rejection of claims under §102 is discussed *supra*.

B. None Of The Alsobrook Earlier Filed Provisional Patent Applications Disclose The Subject Matter Of Applicants' Claims

Alsobrook was filed as U.S. Application Ser. No. 10/307,928 ("928 Application") on December 2, 2002, claiming priority to eleven (11) provisional patent applications, including:

- (1) 60/406,353 ("353 Application"), filed August 26, 2002;
- (2) 60/401,788 ("788 Application"), filed August 7, 2002;
- (3) 60/384,024 ("024 Application"), filed May 29, 2002;
- (4) 60/383,744 ("744 Application"), filed May 28, 2002;
- (5) 60/381,495 ("495 Application"), filed May 17, 2002;
- (6) 60/380,981 ("981 Application"), filed May 15, 2002;
- (7) 60/373,288 ("288 Application"), filed April 17, 2002;
- (8) 60/344,903 ("903 Application"), filed December 31, 2001;
- (9) 60/342,592 ("592 Application"), filed December 20, 2001;
- (10) 60/341,540 ("540 Application"), filed December 17, 2001; and
- (11) 60/341,477 ("477 Application"), filed December 17, 2001, collectively referred to as "Alsobrook provisional applications."

To the extent that these Alsobrook provisional applications were available on PAIR for Applicants' review, Applicants submit that none of these Alsobrook provisional applications teaches a method for treating a cancer cell (such as a lung cancer or breast cancer cell) that *overexpresses* a Dvl-3 protein by contacting the cell with an agent (such as a siRNA) that inhibits Dvl-3 expression wherein the growth of the cancer cell is inhibited.

None of the '353, '788, '024, '744, '495, '981, '288, '592, '540, and '477 Applications disclose the Dvl-3 splice variant. The '903 Application, filed on December 31, 2001, discloses on pages 53 to 79 a Dvl-3 splice variant which is also disclosed in Alsobrook's '928 Application. The remainder of the '903 Application, however, includes disclosure which is unrelated to Dvl-3, but rather discloses proteins and nucleic acids for Colonic And Hepatic Tumor Over-Expressed Protein-like Proteins, Acetyltransferase-like Proteins, Granzyme H-like Proteins, Fibulin-2-like Proteins, 4930418P06RIK Rhomboid-like Proteins, DORA Protein Precursor-like Proteins, IPAS-like Proteins, splice variants of Cartilage Oligomeric Matrix

Protein-like Proteins, and splice variants of Insulin-like Growth Factor Binding Protein 4 (IGFBP4)-like Proteins.

Pages 53 to 79 of the '903 Application are provided for the Examiner's review as **Exhibit A**. Applicants submit that with respect to the disclosure of the Dvl-3 splice variant, the '903 Application discloses various sequence alignments, hydropathy data (Figures 1-5), and tissue expression data of Dvl-3 (page 59). Specifically, with respect to expression of the Dvl-3 splice variant, the '903 Application discloses expression of the Dvl-3 splice form in various normal tissues and two tumors (ovary and parathyroid gland) (page 59).

Applicants submit that the '903 Application, however, does not disclose all limitations of Applicants' claims 31, 32, 34, and 37. For example, the '903 Application does not teach *overexpression* of the Dvl-3-like protein in any cancer cell, such as a lung cancer cell or breast cancer cell. In fact, the '903 Application does not even mention lung cancer or breast cancer. The '903 Application does also not disclose an agent, such as an siRNA, for the inhibition of Dvl-3 expression.

As such, Alsobrook is not entitled to benefit of the priority date of the '903 Application for allegedly disclosing Applicants' subject matter of claims 31, 32, 34, and 37.

Because none of the other Alsobrook provisional applications provides the a disclosure of the Dvl-3 splice variant, Alsobrook is also not entitled to claim benefit of any of these Alsobrook provisional patent applications for the alleged disclosure of the subject matter of Applicants' claims 31, 32, 34, and 37.

As such, in rejecting claims 31, 32, 34, and 37 under 102(e) as allegedly being anticipated by Alsobrook, the Examiner must rely on the disclosure of the '928 Application, which has a filing date of December 2, 2002.

C. Alsobrook's '928 Application Does Not Qualify As Prior Art Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e)

The presently examined application claims benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/509,037 ("037 Application") filed October 4, 2002. This filing date predates the filing date of Alsobrook's '928 Application by two months. Specifically, Applicants' claim

31 is supported by the '037 Application (see, for example, page 17, lines 20-21; page 36, lines 23-24; page 37, lines 29-32, page 38, lines 10-15, page 38, lines 20-21; Figure 9). Therefore, the '928 Application does not qualify as prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) and the rejection of claim 31 should be withdrawn. Claims 32, 34, and 37 depend on claim 31 and incorporate the limitations of claim 31. Thus, Alsobrook is also not prior art against dependent claims 32, 34, and 37.

Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the rejection of claims 31, 32, 34, and 37 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e).

D. Alsobrook's '928 Application Does Not Disclose A Cancer Cell That Overexpresses A Dvl-3 Protein

As discussed above, the only potentially relevant Alsobrook application is the '928 Application. Applicants submit that the '928 Application does not anticipate Applicants' claims because it does not teach all of the limitations of the claims.

Alsobrook does not teach or suggest a cancer cell (claims 31, 34), a lung cancer cell (claim 32), or a breast cancer cell (claim 37) *overexpressing* a Dvl-3 protein. Thus, Alsobrook does not teach the limitation of Applicants' claim "a cancer cell that overexpresses a Dvl-3 protein." As such Alsobrook does not teach all limitations of Applicants' claims and it is an improper §102 reference.

Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the rejection of claims 31, 32, 34, and 37 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e).

E. Applicants' Invention Predates Alsobrook's '928 Application

The Alsobrook '928 Application is cited by the Examiner as a 102(e) reference. It is, thus, subject to swearing behind. Accordingly, without conceding that Alsobrook's '928 Application provides an enabling disclosure of each and every element and limitation for the subject matter of Applicants' claims 31, 32, 34, and 37, Applicants herewith submit a Declaration under 37 CFR 1.131 which establishes that Applicants completed their invention prior to the effective filing date of Alsobrook's '928 Application, which is December 2. 2002. Evidence of

Applicants' conception of the invention prior to December 2, 2002 includes (i) the finding that tumor cells when compared to normal cells overexpress Dvl-3 mRNA; (ii) the finding that cancer cells, including lung cancer cells, breast cancer cells and mesothelioma, overexpress a Dvl-3 protein when compared to normal or non-tumor cells; (iii) designing Dvl-3 siRNA nucleic acids for inhibition of Dvl-3 expression; and (iv) ordering Dvl-3 siRNA nucleic acids for inhibition of Dvl-3 expression. After conceiving of the invention, Applicants diligently worked towards actual and constructive reduction to practice their invention.

In view of the arguments provided herein and further in view of the Rule 131 Declaration, Alsobrook is not longer considered anticipatory art. Applicants submit that the rejection of claims 331, 32, 34, and 47 over Alsobrook has been fully addressed. Reconsideration and withdrawal of this reference as a basis for the 35 U.S.C. §102(e) rejection is respectfully requested.

Claim Rejection - 35 USC § 103(a)

A. The Legal Standard

Establishing a *prima facie* case for obviousness under § 103 requires the Examiner show, *inter alia*:

- (1) The prior art references teach or suggest all claim limitations of the rejected claim(s). *In re Royka*, 180 USPQ 580 (CCPA 1974); and MPEP §2143.03.
- (2) The existence of some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or to combine the reference teachings. *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir., 1988). *
- (3) A reasonable expectation of success in combining the references. This must be found in the prior art, and not in the applicants' disclosure. *In re Vaeck*, 947 F.2d 488, 20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed. Cir., 1991).

A *prima facie* case of obviousness requires the Examiner to provide an explicit reason why one of ordinary skill in the art would combine the known elements in the fashion claimed by Applicants. Recently, in reviewing this standard, the Supreme Court noted that any

analysis supporting a rejection under § 103(a) must be made explicit, and that it is "important to identify a reason that would have prompted a person of ordinary skill in the relevant field to combine the [prior art] elements in the manner claimed. *KSR Intl Co. v. Teleflex Inc.*, 82 USPQ2d 1385, 1396 (U.S. 2007). "This is so because inventions in most, if not all, instances rely upon building blocks long since uncovered, and claimed discoveries almost of necessity will be combinations of what, in some sense, is already known." *Id.* To support a rejection under § 103 using the Federal Circuit's teaching-suggestion-motivation (TSM) test, the Office must provide evidence that demonstrates some suggestion or motivation to modify or combine the references, whether in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Fine* 837 F.2d at 1074, MPEP § 2143.

A *prima facie* case of obviousness requires the Examiner to show that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in modifying the prior art references, or in combining their relevant teachings. *In re Vaeck*, 947 F.2d 488, 493 (Fed. Cir., 1991). The teaching or suggestion to make the claimed combination *and* the reasonable expectation of success must both be found in the prior art, and *not* based on applicant's disclosure. *Id.* The Examiner's suggestion of the desirability of doing what the inventor has done must be found either expressly or impliedly in the references, or supported by a convincing line of reasoning, which must rely on logic and sound scientific reasoning. *Ex parte Clapp*, 227 USPQ 972, 973 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985). *See also* MPEP § 2144; and *Ex parte Levengood*, 28 USPQ2d 1300 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1993) (requiring reliance on logic and sound scientific reasoning in supporting a conclusion of obviousness).

B. Rejection of Claims 31 and 37 Over Song and Bui

The Examiner rejected Claims 31 and 37 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Song further in view of Bui *et al.* (*Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 239:510-516 (1997); "Bui"). According to the Examiner, a method of inhibiting the growth of a cancer cell, such as a breast cancer cell, with an agent that effects Dvl-3 expression was *prima facie* obvious at the time of the invention over Song and Bui. The Examiner acknowledged that Song does not teach Dvl-3 expression in cancer cells and cites to Bui to provide this teaching.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

1. *The Combination Of Song And Bui Fails To Teach All Elements Of the Applicants' Invention*

The teaching of Song has been discussed in detail *supra*. As also acknowledged by the Examiner (page 8 of the Office Action), Song does not disclose a cancer cell that expresses or overexpresses a Dvl-3 Protein. Further, as discussed *supra*, Song does not disclose an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression.

Bui merely discloses Dvl-3 expression in various cancer cell lines, including breast cancer cells, but does not disclose "an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression." As such, neither Song nor Bui disclose "an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression to inhibit the growth of a cancer cell." Bui cannot provide the missing claim element and claim limitation that is also missing in Song. Therefore, the combination of Song and Bui does not disclose all elements and all claim limitations of Applicants' claims 31 and 37.

As the combination of references suggested in the Office Action *fails to provide all of the elements of Applicants' claimed invention*, a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of claims 31 and 37 be withdrawn.

2. *Bui Teaches Away From Applicants' Invention, There Is No Motivation To Make The Suggested Combination And No Reasonable Expectation Of Success*

Because Bui teaches that Dvl-3 is not overexpressed in cancer cells, it provides a reason against combination with Song. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine the Song and Bui references. Specifically, Bui teaches in the abstract that:

"Statistically, there was no difference in DVL-3 mRNA level between normal breast tissues and tumors. In human colorectal samples, DVL-3 was expressed equally in matched normal tissues, polyps and tumors." (Emphasis added).

and on page 515, column 1:

"We have also investigated a potential role for DVL-3 in human breast and colon tumorigenesis ... Since the Wnt gene is an upstream signal of

DVL in the wingless signaling pathway, it was thought that aberrant expression of Wnt could alter DVL expression. However, the data presented here showed no difference in DVL-3 mRNA expression between normal breast tissues and corresponding tumours, and between matched normal colon tissues, polyps and tumors." (Emphasis added).

This is directly opposed to Applicants' discovery and claimed invention. Contrary to Bui's teaching, Applicants' invention requires a cancer cell to *overexpress* a Dvl-3 protein. Bui expressly teaches away from Applicants' invention. Teaching away is a strong motivation for one of ordinary skill in the art to not combine references and has been acknowledged to be strong evidence for the invention in question to be not obvious. Because of Bui's teaching away, there can also be no reasonable expectation of success in combining the Song and Bui references. The reasonable expectation of success must be found in the prior art, and not in the Applicants' disclosure.

As the references suggested in the Office Action *fail to motivate to make the suggested combination* of Applicants' claimed invention and *fail to provide a reasonable expectation of success*, Applicants' invention cannot be obvious in view of the cited art. A *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 37 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) be withdrawn.

C. Rejection of Claims 31 and 32 Over Song and Engelmann

The Examiner rejected Claims 31 and 32 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Song further in view of Engelmann *et al.* (*Phytomedicine* 9(6):489-495 (2202); "Engelmann"). According to the Examiner, a method of inhibiting a lung cancer cell with an agent that effects Dvl-3 expression was *prima facie* obvious at the time of the invention over Song and Engelmann. The Examiner acknowledged that Song does not teach using the method of inhibiting cancer cell growth in a lung cancer cell and cites to Engelmann to provide this teaching.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

1. The Combination Of Song And Engelmann Fails To Teach All Elements Of The Applicants' Invention

The teaching of Song has been discussed in detail *supra*. As acknowledged by the Examiner (page 8 of the Office Action), Song does not disclose a cancer cell that expresses or overexpresses a Dvl-3 Protein (claim 31) or using the method of inhibiting growth of a lung cancer cell (claim 32) (page 9 of the Office Action). Further, as discussed *supra*, Song does not disclose an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression.

According to the Examiner, Engelmann discloses in the abstract inhibition of lung cancer, glioma and colon cancer *in vivo* with apigenin.

As discussed *supra* and as acknowledged by the Examiner, apigenin is an inhibitor of CK2. While apigenin may or may not have a direct or indirect effect on Dvl-3 protein levels or protein stability as alleged by the Examiner, both Song and Engelmann references fail to provide evidence that apigenin is an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 *expression*. As such, both references taken individually or combined fail to provide an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression as required by Applicants' Claims 31 and 32.

As the combination of references suggested in the Office Action *fails to provide all of the elements of Applicants' claimed invention*, a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 32 be withdrawn.

2. There Is No Motivation To Make The Suggested Combination And No Reasonable Expectation Of Success

There is nothing in Engelmann that would lead one of ordinary skill in the art to make believe that the teaching of Engelmann would be useful for inhibiting Dvl-3 expression. Engelmann does not even mention Dvl-3. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine the teaching of Song and Engelmann.

As the references suggested in the Office Action *fail to motivate to make the suggested combination of Applicants' claimed invention and fail to provide a reasonable expectation of success*, Applicants' invention cannot be obvious in view of the cited art. A *prima*

facie case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 32 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) be withdrawn.

D. Rejection Of Claims 31 and 36 Over Song And You As Evidenced By Uematsu

The Examiner rejected Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Song further in view of You *et al.* (*Proc. Am. Assoc. Cancer Res.* 42:609 (2001); "You") as evidenced by Uematsu *et al.* (*Oncogene* 22:7218-7221 (2003); "Uematsu"). According to the Examiner, a method of inhibiting a mesothelioma cell with an agent that effects Dvl-3 expression was *prima facie* obvious at the time of the invention over Song and You as evidenced by Uematsu. The Examiner acknowledged that Song does not teach using the method of inhibiting cancer cell growth in a mesothelioma and cites to You to provide this teaching.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

1. The Combination Of Song And You Fails To Teach All Elements Of the Applicants' Invention

The teaching of Song has been discussed in detail *supra*. As acknowledged by the Examiner (page 8 of the Office Action), Song does not disclose a cancer cell that expresses or overexpresses a Dvl-3 Protein (claim 31) or using the method of inhibiting growth of a mesothelioma (claim 36) (page 10 of the Office Action). Further, as discussed *supra*, Song does not disclose an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression.

According to the Examiner, You discloses in the abstract overexpression of Dvl and its apparent involvement in inducing tumorigenicity by a canonical Wnt signaling pathway.

As the Examiner is aware, Dvl proteins include Dvl-1, Dvl-2, and Dvl-3 proteins. Applicants submit that while You discloses that a Dvl protein is overexpressed in mesothelioma cells, the abstract by You does not disclose that the Dvl protein is Dvl-3 as required by Applicants' claims. Later experiments, e.g., those disclosed in Applicants' '037 Application showed that the Dvl protein overexpressed in mesothelioma cells, as described by You, includes a Dvl-3 protein.

Further, and more importantly, You does not teach an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression (or Dvl expression) leading to inhibition of the growth of a cancer cell. Thus, both Song and You references taken individually or combined fail to provide an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression as required by Applicants' Claims 31 and 36. Therefore, both Song and You fail to provide all elements and limitations of Applicants' claims.

As the combination of references suggested in the Office Action *fails to provide all of the elements* of Applicants' claimed invention, a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) be withdrawn.

2. There Is No Motivation To Make The Suggested Combination And No Reasonable Expectation Of Success

As discussed *supra*, there is nothing in the Song and You references that teach a method for inhibiting the growth of a cancer cell with an agent for inhibiting Dvl-3 expression and achieving inhibition of the growth of the cancer cell. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine the teaching of Song and You to arrive at Applicants' invention.

As the references suggested in the Office Action *fail to motivate to make the suggested combination* of Applicants' claimed invention and *fail to provide a reasonable expectation of success*, Applicants' invention cannot be obvious in view of the cited art. A *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been set forth. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) be withdrawn.

3. Without The Benefit Of Impermissible Hindsight, The Claimed Invention Was Not Obvious At The Time It Was Invented

In *KSR*, the Court also cautioned against the use of impermissible hindsight. *KSR* at 1742. ("A factfinder should be aware, of course, of the distortion caused by hindsight bias and must be cautious of arguments reliant upon *ex post* reasoning."). Applicants respectfully submit that, without the teachings of the instant specification, one of skill in the art would not have known at the time the invention was made to inhibit the growth of a cancer cell overexpressing a

Dvl-3 protein with an agent that inhibits Dvl-3 expression. The presently claimed method provides a new way of inhibiting the growth of a cancer cell that is not suggested by the Song and/or You references. Identifying the claimed invention in a publication ("Uematsu") which was published in the journal *Oncogene* on October 16, 2003 by the inventive group of the instant application (Applicants He, You, Xu, and Jablons) after the filing date of the instant application and after its effective filing date, to allegedly fit the elements of the claims requires hindsight provided by the claimed invention. This, as emphasized in both the case law and the MPEP, is impermissible. Further, as declared in the accompanying 131 Declaration, Kazutsgu Uematsu, the first author of "Uematsu" was a post-doctoral fellow in Applicants' laboratory who worked under the supervision of Applicants.

Therefore, Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) be withdrawn.

E. Rejection of Claims 31 and 36 Over Alsobrook And You As Evidenced by Uematsu

The Examiner rejected Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alsobrook in view of You as evidenced by Uematsu. According to the Examiner, a method of inhibiting a mesothelioma cell with an agent that effects Dvl-3 expression was *prima facie* obvious at the time of the invention over Alsobrook in view of You. The Examiner acknowledged that Alsobrook does not teach using the method of inhibiting cancer cell growth in a mesothelioma and cites to You to provide this teaching.

The rejection is respectfully traversed.

As an initial matter, in view of the rule 131 Declaration, Alsobrook does not qualify as prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e). On this basis alone, this rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) should be withdrawn.

The shortcomings of the teachings of You, Alsobrook's '928 Application, and Alsobrook's provisional patent applications have been discussed *supra*. In view of the arguments provided herein *supra* and because Alsobrook does not qualify as prior art under § 102(e), this

rejection should be withdrawn. Reciting to Uematsu, as discussed, *supra*, constitutes impermissible hindsight.

As such, the Examiner did not present a *prima facie* case of obviousness.

Applicants respectfully request the rejection of Claims 31 and 36 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alsobrook in view of You as evidenced by Uematsu be withdrawn.

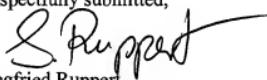
CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, Applicants believe all claims now pending in this Application are in condition for allowance. The issuance of a formal Notice of Allowance at an early date is respectfully requested.

Applicants believe that no fee is required. However, if a fee is required, the Commissioner is authorized to deduct such fee from the undersigned's Deposit Account No. 20-1430. Please deduct any additional fees from or credit any overpayment to, the above-noted Deposit Account.

If a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned at 415-576-0200.

Respectfully submitted,


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Attachments (Exhibit A; Rule 1.131 Declaration, including Exhibits 1-11)
SIR:lo
61195044 v1

PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION

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In the name of the inventor

Weizhen Ji

**832C. Novel Splice Variant of Dishevelled-3-like Proteins
and Nucleic Acids Encoding Same**



Novel Splice Variant of Dishevelled-3-like Proteins and Nucleic Acids Encoding Same

The present invention discloses a novel protein encoded by a cDNA and/or by genomic DNA and proteins similar to it, namely, new proteins bearing sequence similarity to Dishevelled-3, nucleic acids that encode these proteins or fragments thereof, and antibodies that bind immunospecifically to a protein of the invention.

Background

The *Drosophila* *dishevelled* gene (*dsh*) encodes a cytoplasmic phosphoprotein (Klingensmith et al., 1994) that regulates cell proliferation, acting as a transducer molecule for developmental processes, including segmentation and neuroblast specification. Pizzuti et al. (1996) noted that *dsh* is required for the function of the wingless gene product *wg*, a segment polarity gene homologous to the mammalian protooncogene *WNT1* (164820). The *Dishevelled* specific domain, specific to the signaling protein *disheveled*, is found adjacent to the PDZ domain (IPR001478), often in conjunction with DEP (IPR000591) and DIX (IPR001158). Pizzuti et al.

1996 reported the isolation and chromosomal mapping of 2 human *dsh* homologs, designated DVL1 and DVL3 by them. The human *dsh* homologs were isolated from a fetal brain cDNA library. DVL3 encodes a predicted 716-amino acid polypeptide that shows 74% nucleotide homology with human DVL1 and 71% homology with the mouse Dvl1 gene. DVL1 and DVL3 share 64% amino acid identity. Pizzuti et al. (1996) reported that homology is particularly high in the N-terminal region and that there is more divergence in the C-terminal regions. PCR carried out using DNA from rodent human somatic cell hybrids and DVL3 specific primers led to the assignment of DVL3 to human chromosome 3. Pizzuti et al. (1996) regionally assigned DVL3 to band 3q27 using fluorescence *in situ* hybridization. Hybridization of poly(A) mRNA with the DVL3 cDNA revealed a 2.9-kb transcript with abundant expression in skeletal muscle, pancreas and heart. They also detected 5.9-kb and 5.0-kb transcripts in skeletal muscle, adult liver, adult heart, pancreas, and placenta. The 5.9-kb form was abundant in fetal tissues but the 5.0-kb form was absent from these tissues. Pizzuti et al. (1996) noted that Charcot-Marie-Tooth type 2B maps to chromosome 3q.

Bui et al. (1997) also isolated human DVL3, which shares 98% amino acid identity with mouse Dvl3 and 49% with *Drosophila* *dsh*. The authors confirmed the chromosomal localization at 3p27. Semenov and Snyder (1997) isolated 3 human genes encoding proteins homologous to *Drosophila* *dsh*. The cDNA sequence of DVL3 reported by Semenov and Snyder (1997) differs from the previously reported sequences deposited in GenBank. Bui et al. (1997) detected expression of DVL3 mRNA in B cells, breast, kidney, bladder, endometrium, and 2 primary endometrial cultures. It was detected equally in normal human breast tissues and tumors and in colorectal samples of normal tissues, polyps, and tumors.

The sequence disclosed in the application represents a splice variant of human *dishevelled* 3 (DVL3), lacking a 363 bp long coding region containing a PDZ domain.

References

1. Bui, T. D.; Beier, D. R.; Jonssen, M.; Smith, K.; Dorrington, S. M.; Kaklamani, L.; Kearney, L.; Regan, R.; Sussman, D. J.; Harris, A. L. : cDNA cloning of a human dishevelled DVL-3 gene, mapping to 3q27, and expression in human breast and colon carcinomas. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 239: 510-516, 1997. PubMed ID : 9344861
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3. Pizzuti, A.; Amati, F.; Calabrese, G.; Mari, A.; Colosimo, A.; Silani, V.; Giardino, L.; Ratti, A.; Penso, D.; Calza, L.; Palka, G.; Scarlato, G.; Novelli, G.; Dallapiccola, B. : cDNA characterization and chromosomal mapping of two human homologs of the *Drosophila* *dishevelled* polarity gene. *Hum. Molec. Genet.* 5: 953-958, 1996. PubMed ID : 8817329
4. Semenov, M. V.; Snyder, M. : Human *dishevelled* genes constitute a DHR-containing multigene family. *Genomics* 42: 302-310, 1997. PubMed ID : 9192851

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1. Nucleotide sequence encoding the *Dishevelled-3*-like protein (Acc. No. CG164330-01) of the invention.

Figure 2. Protein sequence encoded by the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 1.

Figure 3A. A high-scoring match as determined by a BLASTN search of GenBank Composite (no HTG) dated 12/21/01 using the sequence of the *Dishevelled-3*-like gene of the invention.

Figure 3B. A high-scoring match as determined by a BLASTP search (versus Non-Redundant Composite dated 12/21/01) using the sequence of the *Dishevelled-3*-like protein of the invention.

Figure 3C. BLASTN identity search of CuraGen Corporation's human SeqCalling database using the *Dishevelled-3*-like gene of the invention.

Figure 4. ClustalW alignment of the protein of Acc. No. CG164330-01 with similar *Dishevelled-3*s.

Figure 5: PSORT, SignalP and hydropathy results for the *Dishevelled-3*-like protein of Acc. No. CG164330-01.

Description of the Invention

Method of Identifying the Nucleic Acid Encoding the *Dishevelled-3*-Like Protein.

The sequence of Acc. No. CG164330-01 was derived by laboratory cloning of cDNA fragments, by *in silico* prediction of the sequence, cDNA fragments covering either the full length of the DNA sequence, or part of the sequence, or both, were cloned. *In silico* prediction was based on

sequences available in Curagen's proprietary sequence databases or in the public human sequence databases, and provided either the full length DNA sequence, or some portion thereof.

The laboratory cloning was performed using one or more of the methods summarized below:

SeqCallingTMTechnology: cDNA was derived from various human samples representing multiple tissue types, normal and diseased states, physiological states, and developmental states from different donors. Samples were obtained as whole tissue, primary cells or tissue cultured primary cells or cell lines. Cells and cell lines may have been treated with biological or chemical agents that regulate gene expression, for example, growth factors, chemokines or steroids. The cDNA thus derived was then sequenced using CuraGen's proprietary SeqCalling technology. Sequence traces were evaluated manually and edited for corrections if appropriate. cDNA sequences from all samples were assembled together, sometimes including public human sequences, using bioinformatic programs to produce a consensus sequence for each assembly. Each assembly is included in CuraGen Corporation's database. Sequences were included as components for

assembly when the extent of identity with another component was at least 95% over 50 bp. Each assembly represents a gene or portion thereof and includes information on variants, such as splice forms single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), insertions, deletions and other sequence variations.

Variant sequences are also included in this application. A variant sequence can include a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP). A SNP can, in some instances, be referred to as a "cSNP" to denote that the nucleotide sequence containing the SNP originates as a cDNA. A SNP can arise in several ways. For example, a SNP may be due to a substitution of one nucleotide for another at the polymorphic site. Such a substitution can be either a transition or a transversion. A SNP can also arise from a deletion of a nucleotide or an insertion of a nucleotide, relative to a reference allele. In this case, the polymorphic site is a site at which one allele bears a gap with respect to a particular nucleotide in another allele. SNPs occurring within genes may result in an alteration of the amino acid encoded by the gene at the position of the SNP. Intragenic SNPs may also be silent, when a codon including a SNP encodes the same amino acid as a result of the redundancy of the genetic code. SNPs occurring outside the region of a gene, or in an intron within a gene, do not result in changes in any amino acid sequence of a protein but may result in altered regulation of the expression pattern. Examples include alteration in temporal expression, physiological response regulation, cell type expression regulation, intensity of expression, and stability of transcribed message.

One or more genomic clones AC048331, AC061705, AC092931 on chromosome 3 were identified by TBLASTN using CuraGen Corporation's sequence file for members of Dishevelled-3 and/or the Dishevelled family, run against the genomic daily files made available by GenBank or obtained from Human Genome Project Sequencing centers. These sequences were analyzed for putative coding regions as well as for similarity to known DNA and protein sequences. Programs used for these analyses include Grail, Genscan, BLAST, HMMER, FASTA, Hybrid and other relevant programs. Putative coding regions were spliced from the genomic clone and then concatenated using a known homolog for reference. The derived sequence may have been further extended using additional genomic clones showing greater than 98% identity to the open reading frame.

The regions defined by the procedures described above were then manually integrated and corrected for apparent inconsistencies that may have arisen, for example, from miscalled bases in the original fragments or from discrepancies between predicted exon junctions, and regions of sequence similarity, to derive the final sequence disclosed herein. When necessary, the process to identify and analyze genomic clones was reiterated to derive the full length sequence. The following public components were thus included in the invention: AC048331, AC061705, AC092931.

The DNA sequence was analyzed to identify any open reading frames encoding novel full length proteins as well as novel splice forms of these genes. The DNA sequence and protein sequence for a novel Dishevelled-3-like gene are reported here as CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.

Results

The novel nucleic acid of 2634 nucleotides (designated CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01) encoding a novel Dishevelled-3-like protein is shown in Fig. 1. An open reading frame was identified beginning at nucleotides 51-53 and ending at nucleotides 1836-1838. This open reading from begins with an ATG initiation codon and ends with a TGA stop codon. This polypeptide represents a novel functional Dishevelled-3-like protein. The start and stop codons of the open reading frame are highlighted in bold type. Putative untranslated regions (underlined), if any, are found upstream from the initiation codon and downstream from the termination codon. The encoded protein having 595 amino acid residues is presented using the one-letter code in Fig. 2.

Similarities

In a search of sequence databases, it was found, for example, that the nucleic acid sequence of this invention has 1325 of 1501 bases (88%) identical to a gb:GENBANK-ID:AF006013.1acc:AF006013.1 mRNA from Homo sapiens (Homo sapiens dishevelled 3 (DVL3) mRNA, complete cds) (Fig. 3A). The full amino acid sequence of the protein of the invention was found to have 336 of 336 amino acid residues (100%) identical to, and 336 of 336 amino acid residues (100%) similar to, the 716 amino acid residue ptmr:SWISSPROT-ACC:Q92997 protein from Homo sapiens (Human) (Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-3 (Dishevelled-3) (DSH homolog 3)) (Fig. 3B).

A multiple sequence alignment is given in Fig. 4, with the protein of the invention being shown on the first line in a ClustalW analysis comparing the protein of the invention with related protein sequences. Please note this sequence represents a splice form of Dishevelled-3 as indicated in positions 260 to 381 aa.

The presence of identifiable domains in the protein disclosed herein was determined by searches versus domain databases such as Pfam, PROSITE, ProDom, Blocks or Prints and then identified by the Interpro domain accession number. Significant domains are summarized in Table 1.

Scores for sequence family classification (score includes all domains):

Model	Description	Score	E-value	N
<u>DIX (InterPro)</u>	DIX domain	194.5	1.7e-54	1
<u>Dishevelled (InterPro)</u>	Dishevelled specific domain	136.6	4.5e-37	1
<u>DEP (InterPro)</u>	Domain found in Dishevelled, Egl-10, and	121.1	2e-32	1
<u>oxidored_q1 (InterPro)</u>	NADH-Ubiquinone/plastoguinone (complex I)	3.5	5.1	1

Parsed for domains:

Model	Domain	seq-f	seq-t	hmm-f	hmm-t	score	E-value
DIX	1/1	1	82	1.	1	86	[] 194.5 1.7e-54
Dishevelled	1/1	142	213	..	1	74	[] 136.6 4.5e-37
oxidored_q1	1/1	245	272	..	291	316	.] 3.5 5.1
DEP	1/1	301	375	..	1	89	[] 121.1 2e-32

describe domains and functional relevance

Dishevelled (Dsh) protein is an important component of the Wnt signal-transduction pathway. It has three relatively conserved domains: DIX, PDZ and DEP. The DIX domain of Dvl-1 (a mammalian Dishevelled homolog) shares 37% identity with the C-terminal region of Axin. Dsh can interact with the Axin/APC/GSK3/beta-catenin complex, and may thus modulate its activity.

The Wnt signaling pathway is conserved in various species from worms to mammals, and plays important roles in development, cellular proliferation, and differentiation. The molecular mechanisms by which the Wnt signal regulates cellular functions are becoming increasingly well understood. Wnt stabilizes cytoplasmic beta-catenin, which stimulates the expression of genes including c-myc, c-jun, fra-1, and cyclin D1. Axin and its homolog Axil are components of the Wnt signaling pathway that negatively regulate this pathway. Other components of the Wnt signaling pathway, including Dvl, glycogen synthase kinase-3beta (GSK-3beta), beta-catenin, and adenomatous polyposis coli (APC), interact with Axin, and the phosphorylation and stability of beta-catenin are regulated in the Axin complex. Axil has similar functions to Axin. Thus, Axin and Axil act as scaffold proteins in the Wnt signaling pathway, thereby modulating the Wnt-dependent cellular functions.

The Dishevelled specific domain is specific to the signaling protein dishevelled. In Drosophila, the dishevelled segment polarity protein is required to establish coherent arrays of polarized cells and segments in embryos. It plays a role in wingless signaling, possibly through the reception of the wingless signal by target cells and subsequent redistribution of arm protein in response to that signal in embryos. The domain is found adjacent to the PDZ domain ([IPR001478](#)), often in conjunction with DEP ([IPR000591](#)) and DIX ([IPR001158](#)).

This indicates that the sequence of the invention has properties similar to those of other proteins known to contain this/these domain(s) and similar to the properties of these domains.

Chromosomal information:

The Dishevelled-3-like gene disclosed in this invention maps to chromosome 3. This assignment was made using mapping information associated with genomic clones, public genes and ESTs sharing sequence identity with the disclosed sequence and CuraGen Corporation's Electronic Northern bioinformatic tool.

Tissue expression

The Dishevelled-3-like gene disclosed in this invention is expressed in at least the following tissues: fetal brain, fetal liver/spleen, melanocyte, placenta, ovary (tumor), breast, fetal heart, colon, uterus (pregnant), brain-hippocampus, embryo, parathyroid gland (tumor), heart, fetal lung. Expression information was derived from the tissue sources of the sequences that were included in the derivation of the sequence of CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.

Cellular Localization and Sorting

The PSORT, SignalP and hydropathy profile for the Dishevelled-3-like protein are shown in Fig. 5. The results predict that this sequence has no signal peptide and is likely to be localized in the nucleus with a certainty of 0.7000 predicted by PSORT. The hydropathy profile is characteristic of this gene family.

Functional Variants and Homologs

The novel nucleic acid of the invention encoding a Dishevelled-3-like protein includes the nucleic acid whose sequence is provided in Fig. 1, or a fragment thereof. The invention also includes a mutant or variant nucleic acid any of whose bases may be changed from the corresponding base shown in Fig. 1 while still encoding a protein that maintains its Dishevelled-3-like activities and physiological functions, or a fragment of such a nucleic acid. The invention further includes nucleic acids whose sequences are complementary to the sequence of CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01, including nucleic acid fragments that are complementary to any of the nucleic acids just described. The invention additionally includes nucleic acids or nucleic acid fragments, or complements thereto, whose structures include chemical modifications. Such modifications include, by way of non-limiting example, modified bases, and nucleic acids whose sugar phosphate backbones are modified or derivatized. These modifications are carried out at least in part to enhance the chemical stability of the modified nucleic acid, such that they may be used, for example, as antisense binding nucleic acids in therapeutic applications in a subject. In the mutant or variant nucleic acids, and their complements, up to about 12% of the bases may be so changed.

The novel protein of the invention includes the Dishevelled-3-like protein whose sequence is provided in Fig. 2. The invention also includes a mutant or variant protein any of whose residues may be changed from the corresponding residue shown in Fig. 2 while still encoding a protein that maintains its Dishevelled-3-like activities and physiological functions, or a functional

fragment thereof. In the mutant or variant protein, up to about 0% of the amino acid residues may be so changed.

Chimeric and Fusion Proteins

The present invention includes chimeric or fusion proteins of the Dishevelled-3-like protein, in which the Dishevelled-3-like protein of the present invention is joined to a second polypeptide or protein that is not substantially homologous to the present novel protein. The second polypeptide can be fused to either the amino-terminus or carboxyl-terminus of the present CG164330-01 polypeptide. In certain embodiments a third nonhomologous polypeptide or protein may also be fused to the novel Dishevelled-3-like protein such that the second nonhomologous polypeptide or protein is joined at the amino terminus, and the third nonhomologous polypeptide or protein is joined at the carboxyl terminus, of the CG164330-01 polypeptide. Examples of nonhomologous sequences that may be incorporated as either a second or third polypeptide or protein include glutathione S-transferase, a heterologous signal sequence fused at the amino terminus of the Dishevelled-3-like protein, an immunoglobulin sequence or domain, a serum protein or domain thereof (such as a serum albumin), an antigenic epitope, and a specificity motif such as (His)₆.

The invention further includes nucleic acids encoding any of the chimeric or fusion proteins described in the preceding paragraph.

Antibodies

The invention further encompasses antibodies and antibody fragments, such as Fab, (Fab)₂ or single chain FV constructs, that bind immunospecifically to any of the proteins of the invention. Also encompassed within the invention are peptides and polypeptides comprising sequences having high binding affinity for any of the proteins of the invention, including such peptides and polypeptides that are fused to any carrier particle (or biologically expressed on the surface of a carrier) such as a bacteriophage particle.

Uses of the Compositions of the Invention

The protein similarity information, expression pattern, cellular localization, and map location for the protein and nucleic acid disclosed herein suggest that this Dishevelled-3-like protein may have important structural and/or physiological functions characteristic of the Dishevelled family. Therefore, the nucleic acids and proteins of the invention are useful in potential diagnostic and therapeutic applications and as a research tool. These include serving as a specific or selective nucleic acid or protein diagnostic and/or prognostic marker, wherein the presence or amount of the nucleic acid or the protein are to be assessed. These also include potential therapeutic applications such as the following: (i) a protein therapeutic, (ii) a small molecule drug target, (iii) an antibody target (therapeutic, diagnostic, drug targeting/cytotoxic antibody), (iv) a nucleic acid useful in gene therapy (gene delivery/gene ablation), (v) an agent promoting tissue regeneration *in vitro* and *in vivo*, and (vi) a biological defense weapon.

The nucleic acids and proteins of the invention have applications in the diagnosis and/or treatment of various diseases and disorders. For example, the compositions of the present

invention will have efficacy for the treatment of patients suffering from: adrenoleukodystrophy, Alzheimer's disease, autoimmune disease, allergies, addiction, anxiety, ataxia-telangiectasia, asthma, ARDS, atherosclerosis, behavioral disorders, aortic stenosis, atrial septal defect (ASD), atrioventricular (A-V) canal defect, ductus arteriosus, allergy, cerebral palsy, congenital adrenal hyperplasia, cirrhosis, cardiomyopathy, congenital heart defects, diabetes, diverticular disease, epilepsy, emphysema, endometriosis, endocrine dysfunctions, graft versus host disease, glomerulonephritis, graft versus host disease (GVHD), growth and reproductive disorders, hemophilia, hypercoagulation, hypercalcemia, Huntington's disease, hypertension, hypogonadism, fertility, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, immunodeficiencies, interstitial nephritis, IgA nephropathy, lymphoedema, inflammatory bowel disease, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, leukodystrophies, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, myasthenia gravis, neurodegeneration, neuroprotection, obesity, Parkinson's disease, pain, polycystic kidney disease, pulmonary stenosis, pancreatitis, renal artery stenosis, renal tubular acidosis, stroke, systemic lupus erythematosus, scleroderma, subaortic stenosis, transplantation, tuberous sclerosis, Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) syndrome, ventricular septal defect (VSD), valve diseases, Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) syndrome, ulcers, cancers as well as other diseases, disorders and conditions.

These materials are further useful in the generation of antibodies that bind immunospecifically to the novel substances of the invention for use in diagnostic and/or therapeutic methods.

FIGURES

Figure 1. Nucleotide sequence encoding the Dishevelled-3-like protein of the invention.

```
>CG1.64330_01
CGCGCGCCGAGCAGGCCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGAGGCCAGAGCCATGGCGAGA
60
CCAAAGATCATCTACCACTTGGATGGCCAGGAGACGCCGTACCTTGAGCTGCCCTG
120
CCGGAGACCTGGGACCTTAAAGGCTTTGGTCACTGGTCACTGGTCACTGGTCACT
180
TCTCTTCAGCTATGGACGAGATTTGGCGAGTGGTGAAGGAGGAGATCTGGATGACA
240
ATGGCAGCTACCATGCTTCAATGGCCGGTGGTGTCTGGCTGGTCACTGGTCACTGG
300
CGACCCAGGGAGGCATCGGGACGCCCCCTCTGTCTGTATACCCATCAGGACTGCC
360
AGCAGCCAGGGAGGCATCGGGACGCCCCCTCTGTCTGTATACCCATCAGGACTGCC
420
GCAGAGCAGGGAGAACCTGGACATGACACAGAGGACTCTTGTGTCTGCCAGGGAG
480
GGCGCCAGCCCGAGGACCTGGACAGGACTCTGGACAGGACTCTTGTGTCTGCCAGGG
540
GGGAACGGCGCCAGGACCAAGGGGTTATGATAGCTCATCACCTTATGAGCAGTCAG
600
TGGAGACCCAGCTCTTGTGACTCAGATGAGGACTGACTCTGGCAGCAGCTGGCAG
660
CCACAGAACAGAGCAGTCCTGCTCACCGCTTGAGAACAGAACAGGGGGGGGGGGAA
720
AGAAGGTTTTCGGATTGAGCGGCTCTGCTTCAGCAGCATCAGGACTCCACCATGT
780
CACTCAACATCATCACCGTCACTACATCACGGTCAACATGGGACCATCATCA
840
CTCTCACCAGCTCTCCATCACCGTCTCCATCCCAGCAGGGCTTACAGACTTC
900
ACTTGTGTCATCACACAGTACAATGGCTCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCCTCCCGTGAATCAG
960
GGTGGAGGTCCCTGACCGCATCTGGCTCAAGATTCACATCCCCTATGCTTTCATCGGCT
1020
CAGATGTGGTGGTGGACTCTGGCTGTACCAACATGTGGAGGCTTCAGGACCGGAGGGAGGCC
1080
GCAAGTATGCCAGCAACCTGGCTGAAGACTGGCTTCATGGCCATACCCCTAACAGATCA
1140
CTCTCCGGAGCAGTCTACTACATCTTGTGCTGACCTCTGGCGAACATGGCCAACTTGT
1200
CTCTCCACAGTACAGATGGCTCATGGCTCATGGCGCTCTGACCCAGGACACACTGGCCCTTGTG
1260
CGCACCCGGGGCGCGCCCTTGCGGCGATGGCTTCCGGTACCCAGTACCGCCACCCCCCG
1320
ACCCATACACACCGCACCCGGCTTCCGGAGCTGGGCTACAGCTACCGCGGGGAGCGCG
1380
CCAGCAGTCAGCACAGCAAGGCAAGGCACTGGCGAGCAGTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGCGAGCGATC
1440
GGAGGAAGGAAGGAGCGGAAGGGCGGGGACTCAAGTCGGGGCAGCGCGAGCGAAT
1500
CGGACACACACACAGCAGCAGCATGGCGGGGCGCGGGAGGGGGGCCAGCGAGCGCT
1560
CAGGGCCGGGGCGACAGGACAGGACAGCAGCACCCGGGACCATTCCTGGCAGCAGCCTTC
1620
CGACGACACACACACCCGGAGCTACGGTCTCCGGAGTGGCCCTCTCATCGGCCCCC
1680
CCATGCTGATGATGCCCGCCGCCGCCGCATGGGCCCCAGGGAGCCCTCCGGGCC
1740
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GCGACCTGGCCCTAGTCCCCCGGAACGTACCGCCAGCAGACAGTCCTCCGCATGGCA 1800
TGGAAACCCCGATGATTCTTGATGATGTGAGCTGGAGGGGCCCTCCCCCAGCTCC 1860
ATTCCGGCTCCACCCCGAGCGGCTGGCTCCCTCCTCCATCCATCGCTCCGTCTTTTACTTT 1920
GTCTGGTACCTGAAAGGAAAATAAAGGAACATAATCCAGGTGCGCTAAGTCGCAAGG 1980
GTGCTGGAGGGTGGGTGCAACCTTACCGATTTGGCTCTGAGGCCCTTAACCTGGCTCTGG 2040
CCCCAGTTGGCTTCTGCCACTAATCCTGGCGGAGACTTCCCAGGACCCCTTGTG 2100
CTCTGGGACACAGACTTGGTGTCTACCCCTTACTCCCTCTGCAACCCCCATTGGGA 2160
GTGAGCCCCAACATGACCTTGGCGACGCTCACCTCTCATTCCTCTGTTTCCCCTT 2220
AGCTCCCTTACCAATTATTCAGCTACATCATCCCTCTATTAAACCCACCCATCAGGG 2280
ACGTTGTCGAAACCTCTGTGACTTACCCACATTGAAACAAAATAATTGCTTCAT 2340
CTGGCCCCTACTAACCATCCCCCTGGCTGGCTCAGTCTGCAACCTTAAACGCTGTAGTC 2400
GCCTCCAATAGCCATCCATGCCATCCCTGGCTGTGCTAGATCAGAGGCCAGAGGGCC 2460
CTCTGGCTCTGAGCGCTGGCTGGCTTCCAGGGAGCTTCTGCTCTACCCCTGCCCCA 2520
TGCTGCGCTCTGGCTGGTTCTCAGACCCCTACTAACAGCAGGCTCATCT 2580
CACCTCCAGGCTGAAACATTCTTCTTCTTCTCCCTCCCCAATTAC 2634

```

Figure 2. Protein sequence encoded by the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 1.

>CG164330_01

```

G1 MGETKIIYHLGQSTPYLVKLPALPAERTVLTADPKVWLQRPSYKFFFKSMDDDFGVVKEEI 60
G2 SDDNAKLPCFNGRVSVLWSAEGSHPPDAFPFCADNPSELPPMERTGGIGDSDRSPSPHPH 120
G3 AGGGSQENLNDTETDLSVSAQGRPRRRDGPHEATRLNQTAKGERRRGPGYDSSSTLM 180
G4 SSELETTFSFDSDEDDTSRFSNSSTEQQSSASRMLRRRKKRQKVSIERSSSFSSITD 240
G5 STMSLNLITTVLNMKYNFLSTTSTSSISIPIPDTERLDDFLHSIHSMDMAIIVKAMAS 300
G6 PESGLEVRMLKLITIPNAFGISDWDLYHNVFEGTDRREARRYASNLKAGFIRKTV 360
G7 NIKITPSEQCCYYIFGDLQGNNMANLSDHHDGSGASQDDTIALPLPHPGAPWPMAPPYQYP 420
G8 PPPHPYNPHGPPELGYSYGGGASSQHSEGSRSGSNSRNSRDRRKEDPKAGDSKSGGS 480
G9 GSESDHTTRSSLRGPRERAPSPERSGPAESEHSHSSLRSRSHHTHPSYGPGPVPL 540
G10 YGSEPMMLMPPPAAMCAGGPPGAPPGRDLASVPPFELTASRQSFMRAMGNPSEFFVDM 595

```

Figure 3A. BLASTN search using CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.

```

>gb:GENBANK-ID:AF006013|acc:AF006013.1 Homo sapiens dishevelled 3 (DVL3) mRNA,
  complete cds - Homo sapiens, 2286 bp.
Length = 2286

```

Plus Strand HSPs:

```

Score = 5641 (846.4 bits), Expect = 4.8e-249, P = 4.8e-249
Identities = 1325/1501 (88%), Positives = 1325/1501 (88%), Strand = Plus /
Plus

```

```

Query: 459 TCTTTGGTCTCTGCCAGCGAGGGCGGCCACGCCG-GAGGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAC 517
        TCTT GG TCT CC A G GGGC C CG G G G TG C G GCAT C AC
Sbjct: 787 TCTTGGGCATCT-CC-ATTGTGGGCAAAGCACAGGGCTGGTACGGCG-CTAC-CTAC 842
Query: 518 CC-GGCTAAATGGAACTCGGAAGGGGAAACGGCCG-GA-GGAC-CAGGGGGTTATGA-- 571
        GGCT AT G G GGG GGC GC GA GGAC CA G G A GA
Sbjct: 843 ATTGGCTCTATCATGAGGGT-GGGCCCTGGCTCTGATGGACGCCATCGAGGCCAGGAGA 901
Query: 572 TA-GCTCATCCACCTTATGAGCAGTGCCTG-GAGACCAACCTCTTT-GACTCAGA 628
        TA G T T CA A GAG A T A CT GAGA CA AG T T GA CAG
Sbjct: 902 TATGTTGTTACAGTAAACGAG-A-TCAACTTGGAGAACATGAG-TAATGACGATGCGA- 957
Query: 629 TGAGGTGACTCCACAGCAGGTTCACTCCACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCCTCAGGCC 688
        T G G T ACT C AG GT CA CC G CA C TG CT GCC
Sbjct: 958 TCCGGGT-ATCGCGGAGATGTGCA-CAAA-CGGGGCCCATCACCCCTGACTGTAGGCCA 1014

```

Query: 689 GATGAGAAGACACAAGCGGGCGGGCGGAAGCAGAAGGTTCTC-GGATGAGCGG-TCC 746
TG CA CG A TT C C GGA GAC C TCC
Sbjct: 1015 AGTGCCTGGGACCCAAGTC-CA-CGT-GGTGCTCACATTGCCAGGGAGCCCATC 1071

Query: 747 TCTTCC-ITCAGCA-GCATCACCGA-CTTCACCA-TGTCACTCAACATCACCGTCA 802
G CC TT A C GC C GG CTCC CA TC CA CA AC CAC TC C
Sbjct: 1072 G-GCCCATGGACCCCTGCCGCCCTGGGCTCCTCCACACTG-CAGCCATGACCGGCACCTTCCC 1129

Query: 803 TCTCAACATGGAAAAATAATAACTCTTGTAGCACCATCACCTCCACCCAGCTCCATCAC 862
T CA A GG A A CT T CA TGAGCACCATCACCTCCACCCAGCTCCATCAC
Sbjct: 1130 TG-CAT-AGGGCATGGCC-CCTCTGAGCACCATCACCTCCACCCAGCTCCATCAC 1186

Query: 863 CAGTTCCATCCGTGACAGAGCGCTTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT 922
CAGTTCCATCCGTGACAGAGCGCTTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT
Sbjct: 1187 CAGTTCCATCCGTGACAGAGCGCTTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT 1246

Query: 923 GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGTAAATCAGGGTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCGAT 982
GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGTAAATCAGGGTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCGAT
Sbjct: 1247 GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGTAAATCAGGGTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCGAT 1306

Query: 983 GTGGCTCAAGATTACATCCCTAAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA 1042
GTGGCTCAAGATTACATCCCTAAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA
Sbjct: 1307 GTGGCTCAAGATTACATCCCTAAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA 1366

Query: 1043 CCACAAATGTGGAAGGCTTCAGCGACGGAGGGAGGGCGCAAGTATGCCAGAACCTGCT 1102
CCACAAATGTGGAAGGCTTCAGCGACGGAGGGAGGGCGCAAGTATGCCAGAACCTGCT
Sbjct: 1367 CCACAAATGTGGAAGGCTTCAGCGACGGAGGGAGGGCGCAAGTATGCCAGAACCTGCT 1426

Query: 1103 GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCGGCCATACCGTCAACAGATCACCTTCTCGAGCAGTGACTA 1162
GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCGGCCATACCGTCAACAGATCACCTTCTCGAGCAGTGACTA
Sbjct: 1427 GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCGGCCATACCGTCAACAGATCACCTTCTCGAGCAGTGACTA 1486

Query: 1163 CATCTTCCGGTGCACCTCTGGGGCAACATGGCCACCTGTCTCTCCACGATCACGATGGCT 1222
CATCTTCCGGTGCACCTCTGGGGCAACATGGCCACCTGTCTCTCCACGATCACGATGGCT
Sbjct: 1487 CATCTTCCGGTGCACCTCTGGGGCAACATGGCCACCTGTCTCTCCACGATCACGATGGCT 1546

Query: 1223 CAGTGGGCCCTCTGACAGGACACACTGGCCCTTGTGGCACCCGGGGCGCCCTTGT 1282
CAGTGGGCCCTCTGACAGGACACACTGGCCCTTGTGGCACCCGGGGCGCCCTTGT
Sbjct: 1547 CAGTGGGCCCTCTGACAGGACACACTGGCCCTTGTGGCACCCGGGGCGCCCTTGT 1606

Query: 1283 GCCCATGGCTTCCGGTACAGGTACCCGCCACCCCGCAGCCATACAAACCCGACCCCCGG 1342
GCCCATGGCTTCCGGTACAGGTACCCGCCACCCGCCAGCCATACAAACCCGACCCCCGG
Sbjct: 1607 GCCCATGGCTTCCGGTACAGGTACCCGCCACCCGCCAGCCATACAAACCCGACCCCCGG 1666

Query: 1343 CTTCCGGAGCTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1402
CTT GGAGCTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA
Sbjct: 1667 CTTGGGGGGAGCTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1726

Query: 1403 CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1462
CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA
Sbjct: 1727 CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTCAACCGTAGCGGAGCGATCGGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1786

Query: 1463 GGCGGGGAGCTCAAGTCCAGGCGGGCAGCGGAGCGGAATCGGCCACACACAGCAGCAG 1522
GGCGGGGAGCTCAAGTCCAGGCGGGCAGCGGAGCGGAATCGGCCACACACAGCAGCAG
Sbjct: 1787 GGCGGGGAGCTCAAGTCCAGGCGGGCAGCGGAGCGGAATCGGCCACACACAGCAGCAG 1846

Query: 1523 CCTGCGGGGCCGCGGGAGCGGGGCCAGCGAGCGCTCAGGGCCGCCAGCGAGCA 1582

Query: 400 TCCACCCCTCATGCTGGTGGGGCAGCCAGGAGAACCTGGACAATGACACAGAGACGGACT 459
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 361 TCCACCCCTCATGCTGGTGGGGCAGCCAGGAGAACCTGGACAATGACACAGAGACGGACT 420
 |||||||
 Query: 460 CTTTGGTGTCTGCCCACCGAGGGCGGCCAACGCCGGAGGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAACCC 519
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 421 CTTTGGTGTCTGCCCACCGAGGGCGGCCAACGCCGGAGGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAACCC 480
 |||||||
 Query: 520 GGCTAAATGGAACTGGAAAGGGGAAACGCCGCCAGGCCAGGGGGTTATGATAGCTCAT 579
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 481 GGCTAAATGGAACTGGAAAGGGGAAACGCCGCCAGAACAGGGGGTTATGATAGCTCAT 540
 |||||||
 Query: 580 CCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCTGGAGACCAACAGCTCTTGACTCAGATGAGGATGACT 639
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 541 CCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCTGGAGACCAACAGCTCTTGACTCAGATGAGGATGACT 600
 |||||||
 Query: 640 CCACCAAGCAGGTTTCAGCAGCTTCCACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCTTCAGGCTGATGAGAAGAC 699
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 601 CCACCAAGCAGGTTTCAGCAGCTTCCACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCTTCAGGCTGATGAGAAGAC 660
 |||||||
 Query: 700 ACAAGCGGCCGGCGCGGAAGCAGAACAGGTTCTCGGATTGAGCGGTCCTCGTCCTCAGCA 759
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 661 ACAAGCGGCCGGCGCGGAAGCAGAACAGGTTCTCGGATTGAGCGGTCCTCGTCCTCAGCA 720
 |||||||
 Query: 760 GCATCACGGACTCCACCATGTCACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTAACATGGAAAAT 819
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 721 GCATCACGGACTCCACCATGTCACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTAACATGGAAAAT 780
 |||||||
 Query: 820 ATAACCTCTTGAGCACCATCA 840
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 781 ATAACCTCTGGGCATCTCCA 801

Figure 3B. BLASTP search using the protein of CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.

>ptnr:SWISSPROT-ACC:Q92997 Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-3
 (Dishevelled-3) (DSH homolog 3) - Homo sapiens (Human), 716 aa.
 Length = 716

Score = 1811 (637.5 bits), Expect = 0.0, Sum P(2) = 0.0
 Identities = 336/336. (100%), Positives = 336/336 (100%)

Query: 260 LSTITSTSSSITSSIPDTERLDDFHLSIHSMDMAAIVKAMASPESGLEVDRDRMLKITIPN 319
 LSTITSTSSSITSSIPDTERLDDFHLSIHSMDMAAIVKAMASPESGLEVDRDRMLKITIPN
 Sbjct: 381 LSTITSTSSSITSSIPDTERLDDFHLSIHSMDMAAIVKAMASPESGLEVDRDRMLKITIPN 440
 |||||||
 Query: 320 AFIGSDVVDWLHYHNEVGFDRREARRYKASNLKAGFIRHTVNKITFSEQCYYIFGDLCGN 379
 AFIGSDVVDWLHYHNEVGFDRREARRYKASNLKAGFIRHTVNKITFSEQCYYIFGDLCGN
 Sbjct: 441 AFIGSDVVDWLHYHNEVGFDRREARRYKASNLKAGFIRHTVNKITFSEQCYYIFGDLCGN 500
 |||||||
 Query: 380 MANLSLHDHGSSGASDQDTLAPLPHPGAAPWMAFPYQYPPPPHPYNPHGFPPELGYSY 439
 MANLSLHDHGSSGASDQDTLAPLPHPGAAPWMAFPYQYPPPPHPYNPHGFPPELGYSY
 Sbjct: 501 MANLSLHDHGSSGASDQDTLAPLPHPGAAPWMAFPYQYPPPPHPYNPHGFPPELGYSY 560
 |||||||
 Query: 440 GGGSASSQHSEGSRSSGSNRSGSDRRKEKDPKAGDSKSGSGSESDHTRSSLRGPRERA 499
 GGGSASSQHSEGSRSSGSNRSGSNRSGSDRRKEKDPKAGDSKSGSGSESDHTRSSLRGPRERA
 Sbjct: 561 GGGSASSQHSEGSRSSGSNRSGSNRSGSDRRKEKDPKAGDSKSGSGSESDHTRSSLRGPRERA 620
 |||||||

Query: 500 PSERSGPAASEHSHRSHHSLASSRLSHHHTHPSYGPVGVPPLYGPMMMPPPAAMGPPG 559
 PSERSGPAASEHSHRSHHSLASSRLSHHHTHPSYGPVGVPPLYGPMMMPPPAAMGPPG
 Sbjct: 621 PSERSGPAASEHSHRSHHSLASSRLSHHHTHPSYGPVGVPPLYGPMMMPPPAAMGPPG 680
 PSERSGPAASEHSHRSHHSLASSRLSHHHTHPSYGPVGVPPLYGPMMMPPPAAMGPPG
 Sbjct: 681 APPGRDLASVPPELTASRQSFRMAMGNPSEFFVDVM 716

Score = 1340 (471.7 bits), Expect = 0.0, Sum P(2) = 0.0
 Identities = 258/260 (99%), Positives = 258/260 (99%)

Query: 1 MGETKIIYHLDGQETPYLVKLPPLAERVTLADFKGVLRQPSYKPFKSMDDDPGVVKEEI 60
 MGETKIIYHLDGQETPYLVKLPPLAERVTLADFKGVLRQPSYKPFKSMDDDPGVVKEEI
 Sbjct: 1 MGETKIIYHLDGQETPYLVKLPPLAERVTLADFKGVLRQPSYKPFKSMDDDPGVVKEEI 60
 SDDNAKLPFCNFGRVVSWLVAEGSHPDPAFPACADNPSELPPPMMERTGGIGDSRPPSFPH 120
 SDDNAKLPFCNFGRVVSWLVAEGSHPDPAFPACADNPSELPPPMMERTGGIGDSRPPSFPH 120
 Sbjct: 61 SDDNAKLPFCNFGRVVSWLVAEGSHPDPAFPACADNPSELPPPMMERTGGIGDSRPPSFPH 120

Query: 121 AGGGSQEIDLNDTETDLSLVAQRGRPRRRDGPEHATRLNGTAKGERRRGPGGYDSSSTLM 180
 AGGGSQEIDLNDTETDLSLVAQRGRPRRRDGPEHATRLNGTAKGERRRGPGGYDSSSTLM
 Sbjct: 121 AGGGSQEIDLNDTETDLSLVAQRGRPRRRDGPEHATRLNGTAKGERRRGPGGYDSSSTLM 180
 SSELETTSSFFDSDEDDSTSRSFSSSTEQSSASRMLRRHKRRRKQKVSRIERSSSFSSITD 240
 SSELETTSSFFDSDEDDSTSRSFSSSTEQSSASRMLRRHKRRRKQKVSRIERSSSFSSITD
 Sbjct: 181 SSELETTSSFFDSDEDDSTSRSFSSSTEQSSASRMLRRHKRRRKQKVSRIERSSSFSSITD 240

Query: 241 STMSLNIIITVTLNMEKYNFL 260
 STMSLNIIITVTLNMEKYNFL
 Sbjct: 241 STMSLNIIITVTLNMEKYNFL 260

Figure 3C. BLASTN identity search of CuraGen Corporation's Human SeqCalling database using CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.
 >s3aq:239634112 , 5183 bp.
 Length = 5183

Minus Strand HSPs:

Score = 9052 (1358.2 bits), Expect = 0.0, Sum P(2) = 0.0
 Identities = 2004/2176 (92%), Positives = 2004/2176 (92%), Strand = Minus / plus

Query: 2634 GGTAATTGGGGAGGAAAAAAGAAGAAAGAAATTGTTCAAGGCCCTGGAGGTGAGATGA 2575
 GGTAATTGGGGAGGAAAAAAGAAGAAAGAAATGTTCAAGGCCCTGGAGGTGAGATGA
 Sbjct: 2083 GGTAATTGGGGAGGAAAAAAGAAGAAAGAAATGTTCAAGGCCCTGGAGGTGAGATGA 2142
 GCTCTGCTGGTTAGTGGCTTAAGGGCTCTGAAGGAACCAAGCAGCAGCAGGGCAGGGCATGGGC 2515
 GCTCTGCTGGTTAGTGGCTTAAGGGCTCTGAAGGAACCAAGCAGCAGCAGGGCAGGGCATGGGC
 Sbjct: 2143 GCTCTGCTGGTTAGTGGCTTAAGGGCTCTGAAGGAACCAAGCAGCAGCAGGGCAGGGCATGGGC 2202
 AGGGGTAGAGCAGAGATGCTCCCTGGAAAGGCCACAGCTGCTCAGGCCACTGAGGGGGCCC 2455
 AGGGGTAGAGCAGAGATGCTCCCTGGAAAGGCCACAGCTGCTCAGGCCACTGAGGGGGCCC
 Sbjct: 2203 AGGGGTAGAGCAGAGATGCTCCCTGGAAAGGCCACAGCTGCTCAGGCCACTGAGGGGGCCC 2262
 Query: 2454 TCTGGGCCTCTGATCTAGGCACAGGCAGGGATGGCATGGATGGCTATTGGAGGCCGACTAC 2395
 TCTGGGCCTCTGATCTAGGCACAGGCAGGGATGGCATGGATGGCTATTGGAGGCCGACTAC

Sbjct:	2263	TCTGGGCCTCTGATCTAGGCACAGGCAGGGATGGCATGGATGGCTATTGGAGGCAGTAC	2322
Query:	2394	AGCTTTAGGTTGCGGAGACTGAGGCAGCAGCAGGGGATGGTTAGTAGGGGAGATGAAG	2335
		AGCTTTAGGTTGCGGAGACTGAGGCAGCAGCAGGGGATGGTTAGTAGGGGAGATGAAG	
Sbjct:	2323	AGCTTTAGGTTGCGGAGACTGAGGCAGCAGCAGGGGATGGTTAGTAGGGGAGATGAAG	2382
Query:	2334	CAAATATATTTGGTTCTAGTAATCTGGGTAAGTCAGGAGTTGCGCACAGTCGCTGA	2275
		CAAATATATTTGGTTCTAGTAATCTGGGTAAGTCAGGAGTTGCGCACAGTCGCTGA	
Sbjct:	2383	CAAATATATTTGGTTCTAGTAATCTGGGTAAGTCAGGAGTTGCGCACAGTCGCTGA	2442
Query:	2274	TGGGGTGGGGTTAATAGAGGGATGATGTAAGCTGAATAATGGTGAAGGGAGCTAAAGG	2215
		TGGGGTGGGGTTAATAGAGGGATGATGTAAGCTGAATAATGGTGAAGGGAGCTAAAGG	
Sbjct:	2443	TGGGGTGGGGTTAATAGAGGGATGATGTAAGCTGAATAATGGTGAAGGGAGCTAAAGG	2502
Query:	2214	GAAACAGAGAAATGAGGGAGTCAGCGTCGCCACCAAAAGGTATCTGGGTCACATCCAA	2155
		GAAACAGAGAAATGAGGGAGTCAGCGTCGCCACCAAAAGGTATCTGGGTCACATCCAA	
Sbjct:	2503	GAAACAGAGAAATGAGGGAGTCAGCGTCGCCACCAAAAGGTATCTGGGTCACATCCAA	2562
Query:	2154	AATGGGGTTTCAGAGGGAGTAACGGGTACACACCAAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAGACAAA	2095
		AATGGGGTTTCAGAGGGAGTAACGGGTACACACCAAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAGACAAA	
Sbjct:	2563	AATGGGGTTTCAGAGGGAGTAACGGGTACACACCAAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAGACAAA	2622
Query:	2094	GGGGTCTGGAAAGTCCCTGGCAGGGATTAAGGGTAGCACCACAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAG	2035
		GGGGTCTGGAAAGTCCCTGGCAGGGATTAAGGGTAGCACCACAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAG	
Sbjct:	2623	GGGGTCTGGAAAGTCCCTGGCAGGGATTAAGGGTAGCACCACAAAGTCAGTGTCCAGAG	2682
Query:	2034	GCAGGTTAGGGGGCTGCAAGGCCAACCGGATTCAGGGTACCGACCCACCCCTCGCAGCACCC	1975
		GCAGGTTAGGGGGCTGCAAGGCCAACCGGATTCAGGGTACCGACCCACCCCTCGCAGCACCC	
Sbjct:	2683	GCAGGTTAGGGGGCTGCAAGGCCAACCGGATTCAGGGTACCGACCCACCCCTCGCAGCACCC	2742
Query:	1974	ACGAGTTAGGCCAACCTGGGTTAGTTCTTTTATTCCTCTTCAAGTACCGAGCAAAGTA	1915
		ACGAGTTAGGCCAACCTGGGTTAGTTCTTTTATTCCTCTTCAAGTACCGAGCAAAGTA	
Sbjct:	2743	ACGAGTTAGGCCAACCTGGGTTAGTTCTTTTATTCCTCTTCAAGTACCGAGCAAAGTA	2802
Query:	1914	AAAAAGACGGACGGATGGAGAGGAAACCCAGCCGCTGGGGGGAGCGGAATGGAGCT	1855
		AAAAAGACGGACGGATGGAGAGGAAACCCAGCCGCTGGGGGGAGCGGAATGGAGCT	
Sbjct:	2803	AAAAAGACGGACGGATGGAGAGGAAACCCAGCCGCTGGGGGGAGCGGAATGGAGCT	2862
Query:	1854	GGGGGAGGGGCCCCCTGCTCACATCACATCCACAAAGAACCTACCTGGGGTTCCATGGCCA	1795
		GGGGGAGGGGCCCCCTGCTCACATCACATCCACAAAGAACCTACCTGGGGTTCCATGGCCA	
Sbjct:	2863	GGGGGAGGGGCCCCCTGCTCACATCACATCCACAAAGAACCTACCTGGGGTTCCATGGCCA	2922
Query:	1794	TGCGGAAGGACTCTCTGGCGGTCACTTGCGGGGACTGAGGCCAGGTGCGCGCCCG	1735
		TGCGGAAGGACTCTCTGGCGGTCACTTGCGGGGACTGAGGCCAGGTGCGCGCCCG	
Sbjct:	2923	TGCGGAAGGACTCTCTGGCGGTCACTTGCGGGGACTGAGGCCAGGTGCGCGCCCG	2982
Query:	1734	GAGGGGCTCTGGGGCCCCATGGCCGCGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGG	1675
		GAGGGGCTCTGGGGCCCCATGGCCGCGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGG	
Sbjct:	2983	GAGGGGCTCTGGGGCCCCATGGCCGCGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGG	3042
Query:	1674	CGTAGAGAGGGCCACTCCGGGAGGACCTAAGTCCTGGGTGTTGGCTGGCGAAGGC	1615
		CGTAGAGAGGGCCACTCCGGGAGGACCTAAGTCCTGGGTGTTGGCTGGCGAAGGC	
Sbjct:	3043	CGTAGAGAGGGCCACTCCGGGAGGACCTAAGTCCTGGGTGTTGGCTGGCGAAGGC	3102
Query:	1614	TGCTGGCCAGGGAAATGGTGGCTCGGGTGTGCTTCCTGGCGCGGGCTGAGCGCT	1555
		TGCTGGCCAGGGAAATGGTGGCTCGGGTGTGCTTCCTGGCGCGGGCTGAGCGCT	
Sbjct:	3103	TGCTGGCCAGGGAAATGGTGGCTCGGGTGTGCTTCCTGGCGCGGGCTGAGCGCT	3162

Query: 1554 CGCTGGGGCGCCCGTCCCGCGCCCCCGCAGGCTGCTGCGTGTGGTGTGGTCCGATTCGC 1495
 CGCTGGGGCGCCCGTCCCGCGCCCCCGCAGGCTGCTGCGTGTGGTGTGGTCCGATTCGC
 Sbjct: 3163 CGCTGGGGCGCCCGTCCCGCGCCCCCGCAGGCTGCTGCGTGTGGTGTGGTCCGATTCGC 3222

Query: 1494 TGCGCGCTGCCCGGACTTGAGACTCCCGCCCTCGGGTCCCTCTCCCTCTCCGATCGC 1435
 TGCGCGCTGCCCGGACTTGAGACTCCCGCCCTCGGGTCCCTCTCCCTCTCCGATCGC
 Sbjct: 3223 TGCGCGCTGCCCGGACTTGAGACTCCCGCCCTCGGGTCCCTCTCCGATCGC 3282

Query: 1434 TGCGCGCTACGGTTGGAGGACTGCTCCGACTGCGCTTGCGTGTGACTGCTGGCGCTGC 1375
 TGCGCGCTACGGTTGGAGGACTGCTCCGACTGCGCTTGCGTGTGACTGCTGGCGCTGC
 Sbjct: 3283 TGCGCGCTACGGTTGGAGGACTGCTCCGACTGCGCTTGCGTGTGACTGCTGGCGCTGC 3342

Query: 1374 CCCCGCGCTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAAAGCCGGGTGCGGGTTGTATGGGTGCGGGG 1315
 CCCCGCGCTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAAAGCCGGGTGCGGGTTGTATGGGTGCGGGG
 Sbjct: 3343 CCCCGCGCTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAAAGCCGGGTGCGGGTTGTATGGGTGCGGGG 3402

Query: 1314 GTGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGGCCAAGGGCGGCCCGGGTGC CGCAAAG 1255
 GTGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGGCCAAGGGCGGCCCGGGTGC CGCAAAG
 Sbjct: 3403 GTGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGGCCAAGGGCGGCCCGGGTGC CGCAAAG 3462

Query: 1254 GGGCCAGTTGCTCTGGTCAGAGGCCGACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGATCGTGGAGAGACAGGT 1195
 GGGCCAGTTGCTCTGGTCAGAGGCCGACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGATCGTGGAGAGACAGGT
 Sbjct: 3463 GGGCCAGTTGCTCTGGTCAGAGGCCGACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGATCGTGGAGAGACAGGT 3522

Query: 1194 TGGCCATGTTGCCGAGGGTACCGAAGATGTAGTAGCACTGCTCGGAGAAAGGTGATCT 1135
 TGGCCATGTTGCCGAGGGTACCGAAGATGTAGTAGCACTGCTCGGAGAAAGGTGATCT
 Sbjct: 3523 TGGCCATGTTGCCGAGGGTACCGAAGATGTAGTAGCACTGCTCGGAGAAAGGTGATCT 3582

Query: 1134 TGTGACGGTATGGGGATGAAGGCCAGTTCAAGGGTGTGGCATACTTGC GGCT 1075
 TGTGACGGTATGGGGATGAAGGCCAGTTCAAGGGTGTGGCATACTTGC GGCT
 Sbjct: 3583 TGTGACGGTATGGGGATGAAGGCCAGTTCAAGGGTGTGGCATACTTGC GGCT 3642

Query: 1074 CCCTCCGGTCCGTGAAGCCTCCACATGTGGTACGCCAGTCCACACATCTGAGCCGA 1015
 CCCTCCGGTCCGTGAAGCCTCCACATGTGGTACGCCAGTCCACACATCTGAGCCGA
 Sbjct: 3643 CCCTCCGGTCCGTGAAGCCTCCACATGTGGTACGCCAGTCCACACATCTGAGCCGA 3702

Query: 1014 TGAAAGCATTAGGGATGTTAATCTTGAGCCACATGGGTACGGACCTCCAACCCGTATT 955
 TGAAAGCATTAGGGATGTTAATCTTGAGCCACATGGGTACGGACCTCCAACCCGTATT
 Sbjct: 3703 TGAAAGCATTAGGGATGTTAATCTTGAGCCACATGGGTACGGACCTCCAACCCGTATT 3762

Query: 954 CAGGGGAGGCCATGGCTTACGATGGCAGCCATGTCAGTGTGGATGGACAAGTGGAAAGT 895
 CAGGGGAGGCCATGGCTTACGATGGCAGCCATGTCAGTGTGGATGGACAAGTGGAAAGT
 Sbjct: 3763 CAGGGGAGGCCATGGCTTACGATGGCAGCCATGTCAGTGTGGATGGACAAGTGGAAAGT 3822

Query: 894 CGTCTAGGGCGCTGTGTGTCAGGGATGGAACCTGGTGTGGAGGAGCTGGTGGAGGTGATGG 835
 CGTCTAGGGCGCTGTGTGTCAGGGATGGAACCTGGTGTGGAGGAGCTGGTGGAGGTGATGG
 Sbjct: 3823 CGTCTAGGGCGCTGTGTGTCAGGGATGGAACCTGGTGTGGAGGAGCTGGTGGAGGTGATGG 3882

Query: 834 TGCTCAAGAAGTATATTTCCATGTTGAGACTGACCGTGTGATGTTGAGTGACATGG 775
 TGCTCAAGAAGTATATTTCCATGTTGAGACTGACCGTGTGATGTTGAGTGACATGG
 Sbjct: 3883 TGCTCAGGGAGGGGCCTACATGCCATGCGC-G-AAGGGTGC CGGTATGGCTG-CAGTG 3938

Query: 774 TGG-AGTCGCGTGT-GCTGC-TGAA-GGACGAGGACCG-CTCAATCC-GAGAAACCTCT 721
 TGG AG CC G GC G T AA GG C GGA G CTC TCC G G AA T
 Sbjct: 3939 TGGGAGACCCAGGCCGCGAGGCTCAATGGGCC-GGAAGGGTGC CGGTATGGCTG-CAGTG 3997

Query: 720 GCTTCCGCGCGCCGCCGCTGTGTCTCATCAGGGCTGAGGCACTGCTCTGTTCTG 661

GC CC C G G C TTG GTC CA GGC AG CA G TG C GG
 Sbjct: 3998 GCAACCAC-GTGGAC--TTGGTCCCGACTTGGCTACAGTCAGGGTATGGGCCCCCG 4054

 Query: 660 AGCTGCTGAACTCTGGTGGAGTCATCTCATCTGAGTCAA-AGAAAGCTGGTGTCTCC 602
 TG TG AC CT G AGT A CC A CTG TC A A CT TG TC TC
 Sbjct: 4055 TT-TG-TGCAACAATCTCCCGACT-ACCCGGA-CTGCATCGTCAATTA-CTCATGTTCTCA 4109

 Query: 601 A-GCTCACTGCTCATAAAGGGTGGATGAGC-TATCA--TAACCCCCCTG-GTCC-TC-GCCG 549
 A G T A T CTC T TG A A C TAC T C C TG GTCC TC GC G
 Sbjct: 4110 AAGTTGA-T-CTGTTTACCTGTAACAACATATCTCCGGCTCGATGCGTCCATCAGCAG 4167

 Query: 548 CGTTCGCCCCCTCGCAGTTCAGTCAGGGGG-GTGGCATGCTCTGGGCCATCCCTC-CGG 491
 CC CCCC C T AT AGCC GT G ATGC C G CA C C C CG
 Sbjct: 4168 CCACCGGCCCCCCTCATG-ATAGAGCCATTGAT-ATGC-CGCCGTACCAACGCTCGT 4224

 Query: 490 CGTGGCCGCCCTCGTGGGAGACACCAAAGA 459
 G GCCC C TGG AGA CC AAGA
 Sbjct: 4225 TGCTTTGGCCACCAATGG--AGATGCCAAGA 4254

0) Score = 2162 (324.4 bits), Expect = 1.2e-182, Sum P(3) = 1.2e-182
 1) Identities = 466/486 (95%), Positives = 466/486 (95%), Strand = Minus / Plus
 2)
 3)
 4)
 5)
 6)
 7)
 8) Query: 840 TGATGGTCTCAAGAAGTTATTTTCATGTGAGAGTGACCGTGTATGATGTTGAGTG 781
 TG G TGC CAAGAAGTTATTTTCATGTGAGAGTGACCGTGTATGATGTTGAGTG
 Sbjct: 4240 TGGAGATGCCAAGAAGTTATTTTCATGTGAGAGTGACCGTGTATGATGTTGAGTG 4299
 9)
 10) Query: 780 ACATGGTGGAGTCGGTGTATGCTGTGAGGACGAGGACCGCTCAATCCGAGAAACCTCT 721
 ACATGGTGGAGTCGGTGTATGCTGTGAGGACGAGGACCGCTCAATCCGAGAAACCTCT
 Sbjct: 4300 ACATGGTGGAGTCGGTGTATGCTGTGAGGACGAGGACCGCTCAATCCGAGAAACCTCT 4359
 11)
 12) Query: 720 GCTTCGGCCGCGCGCGCTTGTCATCAGGGCGAGGGCACTGCTCTGTTCTGTGG 661
 GCTTCGGCCGCGCGCGCTTGTCATCAGGGCGAGGGCACTGCTCTGTTCTGTGG
 Sbjct: 4360 GCTTCGGCCGCGCGCGCTTGTCATCAGGGCGAGGGCACTGCTCTGTTCTGTGG 4419
 13)
 14) Query: 660 AGCTGCTGAACTCTGCTGGAGTCATCTCATCTGAGTCAAAGAGCTGGTGTCTCCA 601
 AGCTGCTGAACTCTGCTGGAGTCATCTCATCTGAGTCAAAGAGCTGGTGTCTCCA
 Sbjct: 4420 AGCTGCTGAACTCTGCTGGAGTCATCTCATCTGAGTCAAAGAGCTGGTGTCTCCA 4479
 15)
 16) Query: 600 GCTCACTGCTCATAAAGGGTGGATGAGCTATCATAAACCCCCCTGGCTCGCCGCCCTCC 541
 GCTCACTGCTCATAAAGGGTGGATGAGCTATCATAAACCCCCCTGGCTCGCCGCCCTCC
 Sbjct: 4480 GCTCACTGCTCATAAAGGGTGGATGAGCTATCATAAACCCCCCTGGCTCGCCGCCCTCC 4539
 17)
 18) Query: 540 CCTTCGCACCTTCATTTAGCCGGGTTGCATGCTCTGGGCATCCCTCCGGCGTGGCCGCC 481
 CCTTCGCACCTTCATTTAGCCGGGTTGCATGCTCTGGGCATCCCTCCGGCGTGGCCGCC
 Sbjct: 4540 CCTTCGCACCTTCATTTAGCCGGGTTGCATGCTCTGGGCATCCCTCCGGCGTGGCCGCC 4599
 19)
 20) Query: 480 CTGGCTGGCAGACACCAAAAGAGTCGGCTCTGTGTCATGGTCAGGTTCTCGGGCTGC 421
 CTGGCTGGCAGACACCAAAAGAGTCGGCTCTGTGTCATGGTCAGGTTCTCGGGCTGC
 Sbjct: 4600 CTGGCTGGCAGACACCAAAAGAGTCGGCTCTGTGTCATGGTCAGGTTCTCGGGCTGC 4659
 21)
 22) Query: 420 CCCACCAACATGAGGG-TG--G-AAG-GATGGG-GGTGGGAGTCCCCGATGCCCTCC 368
 CCCCACCAACATGAGGG TG G AAG GATGG GG GGG GTC GA G C CCC
 Sbjct: 4660 CCCACCAACATGAGGGCTGCAGGGAGAGATGGAAGGATGGGGGTCGG-GA-GTC-CCC 4716
 23)
 24) Query: 367 G-TGCCCTCC 359
 G TGC CTCC
 Sbjct: 4717 GATGC-CTCC 4725

GGCT AT G G GGGG GGC GC GA GGAC CA G G A GA
 Sbjct: 614 ATTGGCTCTATCATGAAGGGT-GGGGCCGTGGCTGCTGATGGACGCCATCGAGGCCAGGAGA 672

Query: 572 TA-GCTCATCCACCCCTTATGAGCAGTGAGCTG-GAGACCACAGCTCTCTT-GACTCAGA 628
 TA G T T CA A GAG A T A CT GAGA CA AG T T GA CAG
 Sbjct: 673 TATGTTGTTACAGGAAACGAG-A-TCAACTTGGAGAACATGAG-TAATGACGATGAG- 728

Query: 629 TGAGGATGACTCCACCAAGCAGGTTCACTGAGCTCACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCGCTCACGCC 688
 T GG T ACT C AG GT CA CA CC G CA C TG CT GCC
 Sbjct: 729 TCGGGT-ACTGCGGGAGATTTGCA-CAAA-CCGGGGCCATCACCCGTACTGTAGCCA 785

Query: 689 GATGAGAAGACACAAAGCGGGGGGGGGAAAGCAGAAGGTTTCTC-GGATTGAGCCG-TCC 746
 TG GAC CAAG C CG GG GC A TT C C GGA GAGC TCC
 Sbjct: 786 AGTGCCTGGGAAACGGT-GGTTGCTTCACATTGCCAAGGAGGGACCCATGCC 842

Query: 747 TCGTCC-ITCAGCA-GCATCACCGA-CTCCACCA-TGTCACTCACATCATCACGGTCAC 802
 G CC TT A C GC C GG CTCC CA TG CA CA A C CAC TC C
 Sbjct: 843 G-GCCCATGGCCCTGGGCTCTGGTCTCCACACTG-CAGCCATGACCGGCACCTTCCC 900

Query: 803 TCTCAACATGGAAAAATAATAACTTCTTGAGCACCATCACCCACAGCTCTCCATCAC 862
 T CA A GG A A CT C TGAGCACCATCACCCACAGCTCTCCATCAC
 Sbjct: 901 TG-CAT-ACGGCATGGCCC-CTCCCTGAGCACCATCACCCACAGCTCTCCATCAC 957

Query: 863 CAGTTCCATCCCTGACACAGAGCCCTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT 922
 CAGTTCCATCCCTGACACAGAGCCCTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT
 Sbjct: 958 CAGTTCCATCCCTGACACAGAGCCCTAGACGACTTCCACTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACAT 1017

Query: 923 GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGAATCAGGGTTGGGGGTCCGTGACCCAT 982
 GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGAATCAGGGTTGGGGGTCCGTGACCCAT
 Sbjct: 1018 GGCTGCCATCGTAAAGGCATGGCTCCCTGAATCAGGGTTGGGGTCCGTGACCCAT 1077

Query: 983 GTGGCTCAAGATTACCATCCCTAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA 1042
 GTGGCTCAAGATTACCATCCCTAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA
 Sbjct: 1078 GTGGCTCAAGATTACCATCCCTAATGCTTTCATCGGCTCAGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTA 1137

Query: 1043 CCACAAATGTGGAGGGCTTCACGGGACCGGAAGGGAGGGCCGAAGTATGCCAGCAACCTGCT 1102
 CCACAAATGTGGAGGGCTTCACGGGACCGGAAGGGAGGGCCGAAGTATGCCAGCAACCTGCT
 Sbjct: 1138 CCACAAATGTGGCTTCACGGGACCGGAAGGGAGGGCCGAAGTATGCCAGCAACCTGCT 1197

Query: 1103 GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCCATACCGTCACAAAGATCACCTTCTCCGAGCAGTGCTACTA 1162
 GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCCATACCGTCACAAAGATCACCTTCTCCGAGCAGTGCTACTA
 Sbjct: 1198 GAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCCATACCGTCACAAAGATCACCTTCTCCGAGCAGTGCTACTA 1257

Query: 1163 CATCTTCTGGTGACCTCTGGGCAACATGGCCAACCTGCTCTCACAGTCAGATGGCTC 1222
 CATCTTCTGGTGACCTCTGGGCAACATGGCCAACCTGCTCTCACAGTCAGATGGCTC
 Sbjct: 1258 CATCTTCTGGTGACCTCTGGGCAACATGGCCAACCTGCTCTCACAGTCAGATGGCTC 1317

Query: 1223 CAGTGGCGCTCTGACCGAGACACTGGCCCTTGGCCGACCCGGGGCGCCCTTG 1282
 CAGTGGCGCTCTGACCGAGACACTGGCCCTTGGCCGACCCGGGGCGCCCTTG
 Sbjct: 1318 CAGTGGCGCTCTGACCGAGACACTGGCCCTTGGCCGACCCGGGGCGCCCTTG 1377

Query: 1283 GCCCCATGGCTTCCCGTACAGTACCCGCCACCCGGCAACCCATACAACCCGCAACCCGG 1342
 GCCCCATGGCTTCCCGTACAGTACCCGCCACCCGGCAACCCATACAACCCGCAACCCGG
 Sbjct: 1378 GCCCCATGGCTTCCCGTACAGTACCCGCCACCCGGCAACCCATACAACCCGCAACCCGG 1437

Query: 1343 CTTCCCGGAGCTGGGCTACAGCTACGGCGGGGAGGGCCAGGGCAGCAGTCAGCACGGGAAGG 1402
 CTTCCCGGAGCTGGGCTACAGCTACGGCGGGGAGGGCCAGGGCAGCAGTCAGCACGGGAAGG

Sbjct: 1438 CTTCCCGGAGCTGGGCTACAGCTACGGGGGGCAGGCCAGCAGTCAGCACAGCGAAGG 1497
 Query: 1403 CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTTCCAAGCTAGCGGAGCGATCGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1462
 CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTTCCAAGCTAGCGGAGCGATCGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA
 Sbjct: 1498 CAGTCGGAGCAGTGGCTTCCAAGCTAGCGGAGCGATCGGAGGAAGGAGAAGGACCCGAA 1557
 Query: 1463 GGCGGGGGACTCCAAGTCCGGGGCAGCGGAGCGAATCGGACCAACCCAGCAGCAGCAG 1522
 GGCGGGGGACTCCAAGTCCGGGGCAGCGGAGCGAATCGGACCAACCCAGCAGCAGCAG
 Sbjct: 1558 GGCGGGGGACTCCAAGTCCGGGGCAGCGGAGCGAATCGGACCAACCCAGCAGCAGCAG 1617
 Query: 1523 CCTGCAGGGGGCGCGGGGGCGCCAGCGAGGGCTCAGGGCCGGGCCAGCGAGCA 1582
 CCTGCAGGGGGCGCGGGGGCGCCAGCGAGGGCTCAGGGCCGGGCCAGCGAGCA
 Sbjct: 1618 CCTGCAGGGGGCGCGGGGGCGCCAGCGAGGGCTCAGGGCCGGGCCAGCGAGCA 1677
 Query: 1583 CAGCCACCCAGCCACCATTCCTGGCAGCGACCCCTCGCAGCCACACACACCCGAG 1642
 CAGCCACCCAGCCACCATTCCTGGCAGCGACCCCTCGCAGCCACACACACCCGAG
 Sbjct: 1678 CAGCCACCCAGCCACCATTCCTGGCAGCGACCCCTCGCAGCCACACACACCCGAG 1737
 Query: 1643 CTACGGTCTCCCGAGTGCCCCCTCTCTACGGCCCCCCCCTGCTGATGATGCCCCCGCC 1702
 CTACGGTCTCCCGAGTGCCCCCTCTCTACGGCCCCCCCCTGCTGATGATGCCCCCGCC
 Sbjct: 1738 CTACGGTCTCCCGAGTGCCCCCTCTCTACGGCCCCCCCCTGCTGATGATGCCCCCGCC 1797
 Query: 1703 GCGCGGGGCGATGGGGCCCAAGGAGGCCCTGGGGCGGCCGACCTGGCCCTCAGTGGCCC 1762
 GCGCGGGGCGATGGGGCCCAAGGAGGCCCTGGGGCGGCCGACCTGGCCCTCAGTGGCCC
 Sbjct: 1798 GCGCGGGGCGATGGGGCCCAAGGAGGCCCTGGGGCGGCCGACCTGGCCCTCAGTGGCCC 1857
 Query: 1763 GGAACGTGACCGCAGCAGACAGTCCTCCGCATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT 1822
 GGAACGTGACCGCAGCAGACAGTCCTCCGCATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT
 Sbjct: 1858 GGAACGTGACCGCAGCAGACAGTCCTCCGCATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT 1917
 Query: 1823 TGTTGATGTGATGTGAGCCGGCCCTCCCGATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT 1882
 TGTTGATGTGATGTGAGCCGGCCCTCCCGATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT
 Sbjct: 1918 TGTTGATGTGATGTGAGCCGGCCCTCCCGATGGCATGGGAAACCCCAAGTGAGTTCTT 1977
 Query: 1883 CTGCGTTCTCTCTCCATCGCTCGTTTTTACTTGTCTGGTACCTGAAAGGGAAAT 1942
 CTGCGTTCTCTCTCCATCGCTCGTTTTTACTTGTCTGGTACCTGAAAGGGAAAT
 Sbjct: 1978 CTGCGTTCTCTCTCCATCGCTCGTTTTTACTTGTCTGGTACCTGAAAGGGAAAT 2037
 Query: 1943 AAAAGGAACATAATCCA 1959
 AAAAGGAACATAATCCA
 Sbjct: 2038 AAAAGGAACATAATCCA 2054

Score = 992 (148.8 bits), Expect = 7.2e-73, Sum P(2) = 7.2e-73
 Identities = 200/202 (99%), Positives = 200/202 (99%), Strand = Plus / Plus

Query: 450 GAGACGGACTCTTGGTCTGGCCAGCGAGGGCGGCCACGCCGGAGGGATGGCCAGAG 509
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 1 GAGACGGACTCTTGGTCTGGCCAGCGAGGGCGGCCACGCCGGAGGGATGGCCAGAG 60

Query: 510 CATGCAACCCGGCTAAATGGAACTGGAAAGGGGAAACGGCGCGAGGACCAAGGGGTAT 569
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 61 CATGCAACCCGGCTAAATGGAACTGGAAAGGGGAAACGGCGCGAGGACCAAGGGGTAT 120

Query: 570 GATAGCTCATCCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCTGGAGACCACAGCTTGTACTCAGAT 629
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 121 GATAGCTCATCCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCTGGAGACCACAGCTTGTACTCAGAT 180

Query: 630 GAGGATGACTCCACCAGCAGGT 651
 |||||||
 Sbjct: 181 GAGGATGACTCCACCAGCAGGT 202

Score = 940 (141.0 bits), Expect = 7.2e-73, Sum P(2) = 7.2e-73
 Identities = 194/200 (97%), Positives = 194/200 (97%), Strand = Plus / Plus

Query: 641 CACCAAGCAGGTTCAAGCAGCTTACAGAACAGAACAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACA 700
 C CCA CAGGTTCAAGCAGCTTACAGAACAGAACAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACA
 Sbjct: 374 CCCCA-CAGGTTCAAGCAGCTTACAGAACAGAACAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACA 432

Query: 701 CAAGCCGCCGCGCGCGGAAGCAGAAGGTTTCGCGATTGAGCGGTCTCGTCCCTCAGCAG 760
 CAAGCCGCCGCGCGGAAGCAGAAGGTTTCGCGATTGAGCGGTCTCGTCCCTCAGCAG
 Sbjct: 433 CAAGCCGCCGCGCGCGGAAGCAGAAGGTTTCGCGATTGAGCGGTCTCGTCCCTCAGCAG 492

Query: 761 CATCACCGAATCACCACATGTCACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCACACATGGAAAAATA 820
 CATCACCGAATCACCACATGTCACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCACACATGGAAAAATA
 Sbjct: 493 CATCACCGAATCACCACATGTCACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCACACATGGAAAAATA 552

Query: 821 TAACTTCTTGAGCACCATCA 840
 TAACTTCTTG GCA C CA
 Sbjct: 553 TAACTTCTTGGCATCTCCA 572

>83aq:220119318 , 873 bp.
 Length = 873

Plus Strand HSPs:

Score = 4279 (642.0 bits), Expect = 7.8e-188, P = 7.8e-188
 Identities = 865/872 (99%), Positives = 865/872 (99%), Strand = Plus / Plus

Query: 362 GCGCACGGGAGGCATGGGGACTCCGACCCCCATCTTCCACCCCTATGCTGGTGGGG 421
 CG CACGG AGG ATC GGGACTCCGGACCCCCATCTTCCACCCCTATGCTGGTGGGG
 Sbjct: 4 GCGCACGGGAGGTATCTGGGACTCCGACCCCCATCTTCCACCCCTATGCTGGTGGGG 62

Query: 422 CAGCCAGGAGAACCTGGACAATGACACAGAGACGGACTTTGGTGTCTGCCAGGGAGG 481
 CAGCCAGGAGAACCTGGACAATGACACAGAGACGGACTTTGGTGTCTGCCAGGGAGG
 Sbjct: 63 CAGCCAGGAGAACCTGGACAATGACACAGAGACGGACTTTGGTGTCTGCCAGGGAGG 122

Query: 482 GCGGCCACCGCCGGAGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAACCCCGCTAAAATGGAACTCGGAAAGGG 541
 GCGGCCACCGCCGGAGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAACCCCGCTAAAATGGAACTCGGAAAGGG
 Sbjct: 123 GCGGCCACCGCCGGAGGATGGCCAGAGCATGCAACCCCGCTAAAATGGAACTCGGAAAGGG 182

Query: 542 GGAACGGCCGGCAGGACCAGGGGTTATGATAGCTCATCCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCT 601
 GGAACGGCCGGCAGGACCAGGGGTTATGATAGCTCATCCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCT
 Sbjct: 183 GGAACGGCCGGCAGGACCAGGGGTTATGATAGCTCATCCACCCCTATGAGCAGTGAGCT 242

Query: 602 GGAGACCCACAGCTTCTTGACTCAGATGAGGATGACTCCACCAAGCAGGTTCAGCACCTC 661
 GGAGACCCACAGCTTCTTGACTCAGATGAGGATGACTCCACCAAGCAGGTTCAGCACCTC
 Sbjct: 243 GGAGACCCACAGCTTCTTGACTCAGATGAGGATGACTCCACCAAGCAGGTTCAGCACCTC 302

Query: 662 CACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACACAAAGCGCCGGCGGAAAGCA 721
 CACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACACAAAGCGCCGGCGGCGGAAAGCA
 Sbjct: 303 CACAGAACAGAGCAGTGCTCACCCCTGATGAGAAAGACACAAAGCGCCGGCGGCGGAAAGCA 362

Query: 722 GAAGGTTTCGCGATTGAGCGGTCTCGTCCCTCAGCAGCATCACGGACTCCACCATGTC 781

GAAGGTTTCTCGGATGAGCGGTCTCGTCTTCAAGCAGCATCACGGACTCCACCATGTC
 Sbjct: 363 GAAGGTTTCTCGGATGAGCGGTCTCGTCTTCAAGCAGCATCACGGACTCCACCATGTC 422

Query: 782 ACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCAACATGGAAAAATAATAACTCTTGAGCACCATCAC 841
 ACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCAACATGGAAAAATAATAACTCTTGAGCACCATCAC

Sbjct: 423 ACTCAACATCATCACGGTCACTCTCAACATGGAAAAATAATAACTCTTGAGCACCATCAC 482

Query: 842 CTCCACCAAGCTCTCCATCACCGAGTTCATCCCTGACACAGAGCGCTAGACGACTTCCA 901
 CTCCACCAAGCTCTCCATCACCGAGTTCATCCCTGACACAGAGCGCTAGACGACTTCCA

Sbjct: 483 CTCCACCAAGCTCTCCATCACCGAGTTCATCCCTGACACAGAGCGCTAGACGACTTCCA 542

Query: 902 CTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACATGGCTGCCATCGTAAAAGGCATGGCTCCCCCTGAATCAGG 961
 CTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACATGGCTGCCATCGTAAAAGGCATGGCTCCCCCTGAATCAGG

Sbjct: 543 CTTGTCCATCCACAGTGACATGGCTGCCATCGTAAAAGGCATGGCTCCCCCTGAATCAGG 602

Query: 962 GTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCCGATGTGGCTCAAGATTAACCATCCATAATGCTTTCATCGGTC 1021
 GTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCCGATGTGGCTCAAGATTAACCATCCATAATGCTTTCATCGGTC

Sbjct: 603 GTTGGAGGTCCGTGACCCGATGTGGCTCAAGATTAACCATCCATAATGCTTTCATCGGTC 662

(1) Query: 1022 AGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTACACCAATGTGGAAGGGCTTCACGGACCGGAGGGAGGCG 1081
 AGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTACACCAATGTGGAAGGGCTTCACGGACCGGAGGGAGGCG

(2) Sbjct: 663 AGATGTGGTGGACTGGCTGTACACCAATGTGGAAGGGCTTCACGGACCGGAGGGAGGCG 722

(3) Query: 1082 CAACTATGCCAGCAACCTGCTGAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCATACCGTCAACAGATCAC 1141
 CAACTATGCCAGCAACCTGCTGAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCATACCGTCAACAGATCAC

(4) Sbjct: 723 CAACTATGCCAGCAACCTGCTGAAAGCTGGCTTCATCCGCATACCGTCAACAGATCAC 782

(5) Query: 1142 CTTCTCGGAGCAGTGTCTACATCTCGGTGACCTCTCGCGGACACATGGCAACACTGTC 1201
 CTTCTCGGAGCAGTGTCTACATCTCGGTGACCTCTCGGGACCTCTCGGCAACATGGCAACACTGTC

(6) Sbjct: 783 CTTCTCGGAGCAGTGTCTACATCTCGGTGACCTCTCGGGACACATGGCAACACTGTC 842

(7) Query: 1202 TCTCCACGATCAGCTGGCTCAGTGGCGCT 1233
 TCTCCACGATCAGCTGGCGCT

(8) Sbjct: 843 TCTCCACGATCAGCTGGCGCT 872

>s3aq:220118872 , 474 bp.
Length = 474

Minus Strand HSPs:

Score = 2340 (351.1 bits), Expect = 5.4e-100, P = 5.4e-100
 Identities = 470/473 (99%), Positives = 470/473 (99%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Query: 1959 TGGATTTAGTTCTTTATTCCTTTCAGGTACCAAGACAAAGTAAAAAGACGGACGGA 1900
 |||||||:::|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:
 Sbjct: 1 TGGATTTAGTTCTTTATTCCTTTCAGGTACCAAGACAAAGTAAAAAGACGGACGGA 60

Query: 1899 TGGAGAGAGGAACGCAGCGGCTGGGTGAGGCGGAATGGAGCTGGGGAGGGGCCCTG 1840
 |||||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:
 Sbjct: 61 TGGAGAGAGGAACGCAGCGGCTGGGTGAGGCGGAATGGAGCTGGGGAGGGGCCCTG 120

Query: 1839 CTCACATCACATCCACAAAGAACACTCACTGGGGTTCCATGGCCATGCCAGAGGACTGTC 1780
 |||||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:|||||:
 Sbjct: 121 CTCACATCACATCCACAAAGAACACTCACTGGGGTTCCATGGCCATGCCAGAGGACTGTC 180

Query: 1779 TGCTGGCGGTCAGTTCCGGGGACTGAGGCCAGGTGCGGGCCGGAGGGCTCCTGGGG 1720

Sbjct: 181 TGCTGGCGGTCAAGTTCGGGGGCAGTGAAGGCAAGTCGGGGCCGGAGGGCTCCCTGGG 240
 Query: 1719 GCCCCATGGCGCGGGGGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGGCGTAGAGAGGGGCA 1660
 Sbjct: 241 GCCCCATGGCGCGGGGGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGGCGCTAGANAGGGGCA 300
 Query: 1659 CTCCGGGAGGACCGTAGCTCGGGTGTGTGTGGCTCGGAAGGCCTGCTGGCCAGGGAA 1600
 Sbjct: 301 CTCCGGGAGGACCGTAGCTCGGGTGTGTGGCTCGGAAGGCCTGCTGGCCAGGGAA 360
 Query: 1599 GTGGCTCGGGTGGCTGTGTGGCTGGCGCCCTGAGCGCTCGGGGCCCGCT 1540
 Sbjct: 361 GTGGCTCGGGTGGCTGTGTGGCTGGCGCCCTGAGCGCTCGCTGGGCGCCGCT 420
 Query: 1539 CCCGGGGCCCCCGCAGCCTCGCTCGTGTGGTGTGGCTCGGATTCCGCTGGCGCTG 1487
 Sbjct: 421 CCCGGGGACCCCGCAGGCTCGCTCGTGTGGTGTGGCTCGGATTCCGCTCGCTG 473

01 >s3aq:220119337 , 373 bp.
 02 Length = 373

Minus Strand HSPs:

Score = 1849 (277.4 bits), Expect = 1.0e-77, P = 1.0e-77
 Identities = 371/373 (99%), Positives = 371/373 (99%), Strand = Minus / Plus
 Query: 1948 CCTTTTATTTCCTTCAGGTACCAAGACAAAGTAAAAAGACGGACGGATGGAGAGAGGA 1889
 Sbjct: 1 CCTTTTATTTCCTTCAGGTACCAAGACAAAGTAAAAAGACGGACGGATGGAGAGAGGA 60
 Query: 1888 ACGCAGCCGGCTGGGGTGGGGAGCGGAATGGAGCTGGGGAGGGGGCCCTGCTCACATACA 1829
 Sbjct: 61 ACGCAGCCGGCTGGGTGGGAGCGGAATGGAGCTGGGGAGGGGGCCCTGCTCACATACA 120
 Query: 1828 TCCACAAAAGAACTCACTGGGGTTTCCCATGCCCATGCCATGCCAAGGACTGTCTGCTGGCGTC 1769
 Sbjct: 121 TCCACAAAAGAACTCACTGGGGTTTCCCATGCCCATGCCAAGGACTGTCTGCTGGCGTC 180
 Query: 1768 AGTTCGGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGTGCGGGCCGGAGGGGCTCCTGGGGCCCCATGGCC 1709
 Sbjct: 181 AGTTCGGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGTGCCGGCCGGAGGGGCTCCTGGGGCCCCATGGCC 240
 Query: 1708 GCGGGCGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGGCCGTAGAGAGGGGCACTCGGGAGGA 1649
 Sbjct: 241 GCGGGCGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGGCCGTAGAGAGGGGCACTCGGGAGGA 300
 Query: 1648 CGTAGCTCGGGTGTGTGGCTCGGAAGGCTGCTGGCCAGGGAAATGGTGGCTGGGG 1589
 Sbjct: 301 CGTAGCTCGGGTGTGTGGCTCGGAAGGCTGCTGGCCAGGGAAATGGTGGCTGGGG 360
 Query: 1588 TGGCTGTGCTCGC 1576
 Sbjct: 361 TGGCTGTGCTCGC 373

>s3aq:220119235 , 625 bp.
Length = 625

Minus Strand HSPs:

Score = 1695 (254.3 bits), Expect = 5.6e-71, P = 5.6e-71
Identities = 415/466 (89%), Positives = 415/466 (89%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Query: 1611 TGGCCA-G-GGAATGG-TGGCTGC-GGTGG-CINGTGCCTCGGTGGCCGCCG-GGCCCTGAGC 1558
TGGCCA G GGA G TG CTGC GG C GT C CG GGC C G G CC G C
Sbjct: 160 TGGCCATGCGGAACGGACTGTCCTCGCGCGTCAAGGTC-CGGGGCA-CTGAGGCCAGGGT 217

Query: 1557 GCTCGTGGGGCGCCGCTCCCGGCGCCCGCAGGCTGCTCCGTCGGTGTGGTGTGGTCCCGATT 1498
GC C GG G GCTCC G GG CCCC GGC GCTCGTGTGGTGTGGTCCCGATT
Sbjct: 218 CGGGCCCGTAGGG-GCTCTGGGGCCCAT-GGC-CCTCGGTGTGGTGTGGTCCCGATT 274

Query: 1497 CGCTGCCGCTGCCCGGACTTGGAGTCCCCGGCTTGGGTCTCTCTCCCTCCGAT 1438
CGCTGCCGCTGCCCGGACTTGGAGTCCCCGGCTTGGGTCTCTCTCCGAT
Sbjct: 275 CGCTGCCGCTGCCCGGACTTGGAGTCCCCGGCTTGGGTCTCTCTCCGAT 334

Query: 1437 CGCTGCCGCTACGGTTGGAGCCTACTGCTCCGACTGGCTTCG-CTGTGCTGACTGCTGC 1380
CGCTGCCGCTACGGTTGGAGCCTACTGCTCCGACTGGCTTCG CTGTGCTGACTGCTGC
Sbjct: 335 CGCTGCCGCTACGGTTGGAGCCTACTGCTCCGACTGGCTTCGCTGTGACTGCTGGC 394

Query: 1379 GCTGCCCCCGCCGTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAGGCCGGCTCGGGTTGTATGGGTG 1320
GCTGCCCC CGCGTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAGGCCGG CTGGGGTTGTATGGGTG
Sbjct: 395 GCTGCCCCCGCCGTAGCTGTAGCCAGCTCCGGAGGCCGG -TCCGGGTTGTATGGGTG 452

Query: 1319 CGGGGGTGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGCCAAGGGGGCGCCCCCGGTGCGG 1260
CGGGGG TGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGCCAAGGGGGCGCCCCCGGTGCGG
Sbjct: 453 CGGGG-TGGCGGGTACTGGTACGGGAAAGCCATGGCCAAGGGGGCGCCCCCGGTGCGG 511

Query: 1259 CAAAGGGGCCAGTGTGTCCTGGTCAGAGGGGCCACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGAGAGAGA 1200
CAAAGGGGCCAGTGTGTCCTGGTCAGAGGGGCCACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGAGAGAGA
Sbjct: 512 CAAAGGGGCCAGTGTGTCCTGGTCAGAGGGGCCACTGGAGCCATCGTGTGAGAGAGA 571

Query: 1199 CAGGTGGCCATGT-TGCGCAGAGGTCA-CCGAGATGTAG-TAGCACTGCTCGGA 1146
C GGTTGGCCATGT TG G AG GG CCC GATO AG TAG CT CGGA
Sbjct: 572 CGGGTTGGCCATGTGT-GAAGGGGAGGGCCG--GATGGAGCTAGGTCTTCGGGA 625

Score = 1321 (198.2 bits), Expect = 2.3e-53, P = 2.3e-53
Identities = 373/460 (81%), Positives = 373/460 (81%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Query: 1958 GGATTTAGTCCTTTTATTTCCCTTCAGGTACAGACAAAGTAAAAAA-GACGGACCGA 1900
GGATTTAGTCCTTTTATTTCCCTTCAGGTACAGACAAAGTAAAAAA GACGGACCGA
Sbjct: 1 GGATTTAGTCCTTTTATTTCCCTTCAGGTACAGACAAAGTAAAAAAAGACGGACCGA 60

Query: 1899 TGGAGAGAGGAACGCAGCCGGCTGGGGTGGGAGCGGAATGGACCTGGGGAGGGCCCTG 1840
TGGAGAGAGGAACCCAGCGCGCTGGGGTGGGAGCGGAATGGACCTGGGGAGGGCCCTG
Sbjct: 61 TGGAGAGAGGAACGCAGCCGGCTGGGGTGGGAGCGGAATGGACCTGGGGAGGGCCCTG 120

Query: 1839 CTCACATCACATCCACAAAAGAACACTACTGGGTTTCCCATGGCCTATGGCACTGGGAAGGACTCTC 1780
CTCACATCACATCCACAAAAGAACACTACTGGGTTTCCCATGGCCTATGGCACTGGGAAGGACTCTC
Sbjct: 121 CTCACATCACATCCACAAAAGAACACTACTGGGTTTCCCATGGCCTATGGCACTGGGAAGGACTCTC 180

Query: 1779 TGCTGGGGGTCACTTCCGGGGGACTGAGGCCAGTCCCGGGCCCG-AGGGCTCTGGG 1721
TGCTGGGGGTCACTTCCGGGGGACTGAGGCCAGTCCCGGGCCCG AGGGCTCTGGG

Subjct: 181 TGCTGGGGCTAGTTCCGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGTCCGGCCGGTAGGGGCTCTGGG 240

Query: 1720 GCCCCCATGGC-C-GCGGGGGGGGGGGCATCATCAGCATGGGGGGGGTAGAGAGGGG 1663
GCCCCCATGGC C GCG G GG G C TC GC TG G GCC G GA G

Subjct: 241 GCCCCCATGGCCTGGCTCTGGCTGGATTC-GC-TGCCCTGCCCCCG-GACTTG 297

Query: 1662 GCACTCCG-GGAGGACCGTAGCT-CGGGTGTTGTTGGCTGCGAAGGCTGCTGGCCAG 1605
G A TCC GG C G CT C T T G T GCTGC C G TGG AG

Subjct: 298 G-AGTCCCCGGCCTCGGGTCCTCTCCCTCCGATCGCTGCCGCTACGGTTGG-AG 354

Query: 1604 GGAATGGTG-G-CTGGGTGCT-GGCTGTGCT--C-GTGTCCCCCGGCCCTGAGCGCTCGCT 1551
A TG T G CTGC T GCTGTGCT C GCTGC CGC G CCC G CG T GCT

Subjct: 355 CCACTGCTCCGACTGCTTGGCTGACTGCTGCCGCTGCCCG-GC-CG-TAGCT 411

Query: 1550 GGGGCCCG-GCTCCCGCG-GCCCGC-GCAGGCTGC-TGGTGTGGTGTGG 1505
G GCCC GCTCC G GCCC GC GG TG TG GTGG GG GTGG

Subjct: 412 GTA-GCCCAAGCTCGGGAAAGCCCGGTGGGGTTGTATGGGTGCGGGGTGG 460

0) >s3aq:220120226 , 345 bp.
0) Length = 345

Minus Strand HSPs:

Score = 1313 (197.0 bits), Expect = 7.1e-70, Sum P(2) = 7.1e-70
Identities = 267/271 (98%), Positives = 267/271 (98%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Query: 496 CTCCGGCGTGGCGCCGCTCGTGGGACAGACAAAGAGTCGGTCTCTGTGTCATTGTCC 437
CTCC G GCGCC CTCGCTGGGAGACACCAAAAGAGTCGGTCTCTGTGTCATTGTCC
Subjct: 76 CTCCCTGGG-GGCCGCTCGTGGGAGACACCAAAAGAGTCGGTCTCTGTGTCATTGTCC 134

Query: 436 AGGTTCTCTGGCTGCCGCCACCGCATGAGGTGGAAGGATGGGGTCGGGAGTCGGCG 377
AGGTTCTCTGGCTGCCGCCACCGCATGAGGTGGAAGGATGGGGTCGGGAGTCGGCG
Subjct: 135 AGGTTCTCTGGCTGCCGCCACCGCATGAGGTGGAAGGATGGGGTCGGGAGTCGGCG 194

Query: 376 ATGCCCTCCGTGCGTCCATAGGTGGTGGCAGTCGGATGGGTTATCAGCACAGAGGG 317
ATGCCCTCCGTGCGTCCATAGGTGGTGGCAGTCGGATGGGTTATCAGCACAGAGGG
Subjct: 195 ATGCCCTCCGTGCGTCCATAGGTGGTGGCAGTCGGATGGGTTATCAGCACAGAGGG 254

Query: 316 GCTGGGTCTGGTGTGAGCCCTCAGCTGACACCAAGCAGGACACACCGGOCATTGAAG 257
GCTGGGTCTGGTGTGAGCCCTCAGCTGACACCAAGCAGGACACACCGGOCATTGAAG
Subjct: 255 GCTGGGTCTGGTGTGAGCCCTCAGCTGACACCAAGCAGGACACACCGGOCATTGAAG 314

Query: 256 CATGGTAGCTTGGCATTGTCATCCGAGATCT 226
CATGGTAGCTTGGCATTGTCATCCGAGATCT
Subjct: 315 CATGGTAGCTTGGCATTGTCATCCGAGATCT 345

Score = 439 (65.9 bits), Expect = 7.1e-70, Sum P(2) = 7.1e-70
Identities = 97/103 (94%), Positives = 97/103 (94%), Strand = Minus / Plus

Query: 1803 CCATGGCCATGCGGAAGGACTGTCGTCGGCGGTCACTGAGTCGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGT 1744
CCATGGCCATGCGGAAGGACTGTCGTCGGCGGTCACTGAGTCGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGT
Subjct: 1 CCATGGCCATGCGGAAGGACTGTCGTCGGCGGTCACTGAGTCGGGGCACTGAGGCCAGGT 60

Query: 1743 CGCGGGGGGGAGGGGCTCTGGGGGCCCAATGGCGCG-GGGCGG 1701
CGCGGGGGGGAGGGGCTCTGGGGGCC C T G C GGGC G

Subjct: 61 CGCGGGGGGGAGGGGCTCTGGGGGCC-TCTC-GCTGGGAG 102

Figure 4. ClustalW alignment of CG164330_01 protein with related proteins.

```

CG164330_01 : QDETKIILYHLDOQETFYLVKLPIPAERVTIADFKEVQLQKPSYKFFFPSIHDODFGVYKEE I
DVL3_HUMAN : QDETKIILYHLDOQETFYLVKLPIPAERVTIADFKEVQLQKPSYKFFFPSIHDODFGVYKEE I
DVL3_MOUSE : QDETKIILYHLDOQETFYLVKLPIPAERVTIADFKEVQLQKPSYKFFFPSIHDODFGVYKEE I

CG164330_01 : SDDHAK1P C F11R YV SWLVS& EOSHDPDAP FCAADNF SELPPFMERTOG IGD SRRFFSHPH
DVL3_HUMAN : SDDHAK1P C F11R YV SWLVS& EOSHDPDAP FCAADNF SELPPFMERTOG IGD SRRFFSHPH
DVL3_MOUSE : SDDHAK1P C F11R YV SWLVS& EOSHDPDAP FCAADNF SELPPFMERTOG IGD SRRFFSHPH

CG164330_01 : AGGGSGQZHLIDNDTETD SLVSAORF PRRR DOPHEATRLNQTAIGERRR PPGYDSSSTLM
DVL3_HUMAN : AGGGSGQZHLIDNDTETD SLVSAORF PRRR DOPHEATRLNQTAIGERRR PPGYDSSSTLM
DVL3_MOUSE : AGGGSGQZHLIDNDTETD SLVSAORF PRRR DOPHEATRLNQTAIGERRR PPGYDSSSTLM

CG164330_01 : SSELETTTSFFDSD EDD STSRFSSSTEQSSA SRLMRRHRRR FQKVSRIERSSSPFSSITD
DVL3_HUMAN : SSELETTTSFFDSD EDD STSRFSSSTEQSSA SRLMRRHRRR FQKVSRIERSSSPFSSITD
DVL3_MOUSE : SSELETTTSFFDSD EDD STSRFSSSTEQSSA SRLMRRHRRR FQKVSRIERSSSPFSSITD

CG164330_01 : STMSLNL IITVTLNMEK?YNF1
DVL3_HUMAN : STMSLNL IITVTLNMEK?YFLG1S1IVQGSNERDGGI YIGS1IMEGGAAADGR1EPGDM1L
DVL3_MOUSE : STMSLNL IITVTLNMEK?YFLG1S1IVQGSNERDGGI YIGS1IMEGGAAADGR1EPGDM1L

CG164330_01 : QVNEINENMNSNDDAVKVLREI VHLPGFPIITLVAKCDWPSRQGFCFLFRSEPIRPLDPAK
DVL3_HUMAN : QVNEINENMNSNDDAVKVLREI VHLPGFPIITLVAKCDWPSRQGFCFLFRSEPIRPLDPAK
DVL3_MOUSE : QVNEINENMNSNDDAVKVLREI VHLPGFPIITLVAKCDWPSRQGFCFLFRSEPIRPLDPAK

CG164330_01 : VVSHTAAMTGTFFAYGMSFSLSTITSSS1PDTERLDDFHHS1H SEMAA1VKAMA
DVL3_HUMAN : VVSHTAAMTGTFFAYGMSFSLSTITSSS1PDTERLDDFHHS1H SEMAA1VKAMA
DVL3_MOUSE : VVSHTAAMTGTFFAYGMSFSLSTITSSS1PDTERLDDFHHS1H SEMAA1VKAMA

CG164330_01 : SPPESGLEVRDMMWKL IIPNPA FNGDSDVWELHVNVEGTFDRREARRYASNLKAGF1RHT
DVL3_HUMAN : SPPESGLEVRDMMWKL IIPNPA FNGDSDVWELHVNVEGTFDRREARRYASNLKAGF1RHT
DVL3_MOUSE : SPPESGLEVRDMMWKL IIPNPA FNGDSDVWELHVNVEGTFDRREARRYASNLKAGF1RHT

CG164330_01 : UNK1T PZQ CQYV I PFDL CQHMMWNL IHDHDDGSSGASQDQTLAFLPHQGAAPWPMAPFVQV
DVL3_HUMAN : UNK1T PZQ CQYV I PFDL CQHMMWNL IHDHDDGSSGASQDQTLAFLPHQGAAPWPMAPFVQV
DVL3_MOUSE : UNK1T PZQ CQYV I PFDL CQHMMWNL IHDHDDGSSGASQDQTLAFLPHQGAAPWPMAPFVQV

CG164330_01 : PPPPHPPYNPHQFPEL GYSVYQGSASSQHCEGOSRS5GNSQ SDREKEDPKLAGDSKSGG
DVL3_HUMAN : PPPPHPPYNPHQFPEL GYSVYQGSASSQHCEGOSRS5GNSQ SDREKEDPKLAGDSKSGG
DVL3_MOUSE : PPPPHPPYNPHQFPEL GYSVYQGSASSQHCEGOSRS5GNSQ SDREKEDPKLAGDSKSGG

CG164330_01 : SGSES DHT T R5 L R5F PERAP SER SGPAA C EH S HRS H H S L A S S L E S H M H T P S Y G P P G V F
DVL3_HUMAN : SGSES DHT T R5 L R5F PERAP SER SGPAA C EH S HRS H H S L A S S L E S H M H T P S Y G P P G V F
DVL3_MOUSE : SGSES DHT T R5 L R5F PERAP SER SGPAA C EH S HRS H H S L A S S L E S H M H T P S Y G P P G V F

CG164330_01 : LYGPPMLMMMPF F PAMQFPOA P FORDLASV PPELTASRQSF R MAMQNP SEFFV DVM
DVL3_HUMAN : LYGPPMLMMMPF F PAMQFPOA P FORDLASV PPELTASRQSF R MAMQNP SEFFV DVM
DVL3_MOUSE : LYGPPMLMMMPF F PAMQFPOA P FORDLASV PPELTASRQSF R MAMQNP SEFFV DVM

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Information for the ClustalW proteins:

Accession	Common Name	Length
CG164330_01	novel Dishevelled-3-like protein	595
DVL3_HUMAN	Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-3 (Dishevelled-3)	716
DVL3_MOUSE	Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-3 (Dishevelled-3)	716

In the alignment shown above, black outlined amino acid residues indicate residues identically conserved between sequences (i.e., residues that may be required to preserve structural or functional properties); amino acid residues with a gray background are similar to one another

between sequences, possessing comparable physical and/or chemical properties without altering protein structure or function (e.g. the group L, V, I, and M may be considered similar); and amino acid residues with a white background are neither conserved nor similar between sequences.

Figure 5: PSORT, SignalP and hydropathy results for CuraGen Acc. No. CG164330-01.

nucleus --- Certainty=0.7000(Affirmative) < succ>
 microbody (peroxisome) --- Certainty=0.4022(Affirmative) < succ>
 mitochondrial matrix space --- Certainty=0.1000(Affirmative) < succ>
 lysosome (lumen) --- Certainty=0.1000(Affirmative) < succ>

Is the sequence a signal peptide?

#	Measure	Position	Value	Cutoff	Conclusion
	max. C	32	0.087	0.37	NO
	max. Y	39	0.053	0.34	NO
	max. S	31	0.168	0.88	NO
	mean S	1-38	0.070	0.48	NO

TOP SECRET Cura 832

